

ed ~ up ~ "alg"

Probl $\omega^2 \sim 2 \cdot \omega + \text{alg}^x \cdot \nu^0 \cdot e^x, \text{ex}$
 $4 \cdot 10^2$ [not sure] all ~ ...

(no pi) - Probl ω^2 of ω^0
the trigon. is? Leibn. γ δ ϵ η
 5^2

$\int \dots \sim \text{up}$ (plg e r Standl.
Diff of $\int \dots \sim \text{up}$ (plg e r Standl.
 $\int \dots \sim \text{up}$ (plg e r Standl.)

$\times \dots$

Bem (Phil) $\omega^2 \sim \dots$
 $\int \dots$ (axiom. for $\int \omega$) \sim \dots
of \dots / \dots intensit. (\dots)
and \dots - \dots / \dots
 \dots \sim "5/6"

Bem (Phil) $\int \dots \sim \dots$
 \dots \sim \dots
 \dots \sim \dots
 \dots \sim \dots

"Nicht" p d s ~ 70 und Puff

Bem (Phil) od Phil d (f e o Ant.) a

o y p e e a s ne v z (s o s) l d e n d

o: \int^m h me c a o n o e (n o d) o r u r u n

h) e. h o d f Phil. o r e d (u o

n²) - o y p: z a m c z n e o

o y p e e a s (u o y u n b l l)

u y e (o d e f i n. n z) N P d f i o C n o r

o p p n² (k o r p e d e n z n u t n o e)

Bem (Gn) 1. Th. o h (k l e f i k)

o e y p - o d v r l o e e e

u y b u e: r e k u r s. u e; u A n a l y s i s: u e o

e p z n^m d m s f y p - - } T y a z

o y p e l a p e c e o d y f p a r d.

o e y p u e l a² o o ~ u e p i x

(k r b o d H i e n. e y e r e k. D f. ?)

2. u y p e A n a l y s i s v^o (i m p i) u e y p a

(~ u y p^m o p - u f y r e k u r s e e d)

v^o h y p o t h. u t u e y p u l -> z c r

u, z u t (o d o p t i n e ~ n b^o s p d y e

* u y p e e a s u e y p (o d R e k < e o)

R e k. | e o d u o ?

mye ne - mye b/n) - en pag p...
W a b (u d' d' B s r) . ✓ u s

pre At. s f p r : x ∈ N ⇒ f(x) ∈ N
e - d' d' r p u o d' e , s. v e k n

Hyp.

Bem (Phys) e detarsl. Potentiale n

1/2 n 2 f - n o d' p e e r s f m
d' i g m n d' l y r

Bem (Psych) 2 1/2 ~ d' u o x u s s d' - 2
x e d' g' u s s

x p - d' d' e d' e d' e d' e

Bem (Phil) p d' u o d' a D i s h. p r e n g (e n
k e p - n e p f r e p s - d e f i c i t a)

e f o p o s r a b y < 1 e a e l e x o e n e ~ " C i v i t a s
D e i " f u e d e d' d' ~ u l e (u l d' ~
y ~ f o e n g e r 2 2 ~ n g .) - e r o

e d e r d e d' s p r e b o e d' e r e (e
2 0 V) n f n e r e d' (2 f) d' s p r e
o o < ~ a u t p r e n g y

Bem (Philol.) e L. g d' v l a b ~ e n e o
u o . d' n m d' f g y ~ e e z p o l u d

x e d' f' 2 N i r v a n a

ad ea e d v no (s p i a a g e - r m
 n p o r n p e e r c y , v g l . o m i l l . e r o)
 v b c p d e s ~ d ~ i k o i t z " v p r"
 z s p i n d e s ~ n p e i t o p l . j e
 z m o f n p e i t

Bem (Phil) p n t v l (d, m s s u b s t .)
 n p e d e e e l e i . o p p s " s b "
 z . d - y i g (z o e p y e m) y g r -
 n p e r p n t i g o e e a p m p e " i l l ."
 " a e q u i s " z e f p o s v c (z v l e
 n " i l l " z) z o m i n i q u i t a s c e s ~ m

n p t a e q u i t a s m e ~ v n p e f ? (i g ?)
 z y e p . n p e d p p o t i l l e z - s n p e m l
 l i n i q u i t a s l e p s p o ? : v b a e q u i t a s i
 d e v (= i n t e l l .) s a b e p e f e - a e t e i s .
 p a r i b u s p p o n o p o r i n t e l l i g .

Bem^{Gr} p n t v l ~ p e - o v e ~ n p e p n
 e f i l l o o n p i r o a g e e a w e p
 c ~ z l e i l l e s p a p o v o (s i g n u m) - i l l
 p p . 85 .

Bem (Gr) a a ~ n o t p r e n o e m a
 m a e c o s m a s d e p e f e l n o
 d e p o e p o p e i o , E t h . d e l i n o s e n

Bem a 2 p s e m (l i b r y) L u o r
 W a s p e a l p p s n r y a l p e
 p p s - "u r" (o r h o l & 2 l i b r y p e r)
 < a d j 2 l i b r y p e r : ~ i ~ L
u r / p ~ n . 0 r o s b ?

L o n m o o d . o . n ? & m o o d . ~ p r n ?

Bem (Phil) e r l e p e d b l y n "p r e t e n t ."
 & n r l i n g e c o m p r t . b o r
 ~ L o l i n p e r n e c "s i p" c n - l y
 & w o - n e p e r e p e r a r l p r s

x o r i e l i n a k t . ~ s i c h w o p e r
p e r ~ "dash" = n p p l e o r n

r e t (u b ~ y ~ M e t r i k e f o r m e y
 L u e r , f o r m e r a l u) e =
 C a n t o r y D i s k . b s s i p s e m L (e b
 () < d o f p s f c ~ a d e l h r e
 16 n n (~ G u l i l . w e r e

Bem (Phyp) ' e l 1 p 2 (< s a l t) ~ m y s
 / z o r p o f ~ " M a t e r i a l i s . " ~ 2 a p / ~ e ?

Bem (Philol.) e y ~ w e r l e h
 n l e s d e r : v e r r a t e n

x < / 2 6 2 (o r p

u ~ r g d f d e w t e r e w "d"
 h - p m l o g p d l y s o n l
 f o d - y y c - o r < g p e e d m e
e n d (d g s i -) p o n d - s l p o g s
"d y" g u n d e l " d t " (p o d o) y c n

Bem (Phil) w " n e r i s h e o " n o " (o
 p z e , " d e s c r i b i n g a f o r e w o r d () p d
 o o a n y d o v r e f o r m p l e d s
 i g e y e " (y e m d i f f e r e n t) o " o o
 a n y) - < z w " p d l e w e e r

o 16 d p 7 - 5 a n g 1 p l (w p l e p o e s p m
l o u k e n n o d o y a e w l n - o p m 2 m g 8 d

e p r d (y z n e e) o - e w o w
 (d y) i c h o " < a g e | n e e e l p m a x
 f z w o - r e s v f m p l (s o n m
 e n g) n l f o e a d e w m p (w o s u p
 p r e) d t e r d (i n d . a n y p l) p
 d y o [f e l e n e m d y t o p l d a
 y d n a l o a n g p r z p (i n d . 2 n d o
 p e) p o n o w , e t d m y n p r e d y
 s w o . 2 6 e - , ' e a (a d) s m
" h a l " z e d p o ~ e , g p e d y d l e

x 16 (p a n g e l o w h e - 2 9 e m y d e 2 m
 1 a 16 e e a n g d e (n v p h o t o k i m , a l o z i n)

12 s d 0, 000 100 - 126² $\sqrt{10}$ a f
 p 20 d d a f e e p o s e i e h o . (p
 n u n u) . 1 p p l ' < p p o o (e b e e)
 s i k a s e d 2 0 0 ' . < d , " a s s p r
 e n y ' e o r i e h o i n p r s e n o s a
 (e n d e " i p " . d c e w d g / v s
 p r o d u z e .

Bem (Phil) p n f Spiritual. s "Idealism"
 (d " d " . l v) : 1 e n (s a r u n d e g i b
 d p ~ d n d 1 2) e p . u f e p o o (s a
 e f o c o r r e (a w d) / a (h n)

o p e e v l ' - 2 f - o e , n g 2 e w t

e f o " a p r i o r i k e o r 1 2 v h o p ' s o
 2 a g e o n e f o p p l ' s $\sqrt{10}$ - 2 n d e f d 1 0 0
 d p f o x o w l 2 (d f) k e n e i e i p
 n / o a n ~ n h o b o f o r m e (n o w i g i s
 2 - 2 " a e q u i t a s " - s o b e s c e n
 s p i e n t (s e n d e r e e) ~ n s i k e
 f o N s f z e e c " u d - 1 0 " l y e p
 s o ~ n g (a e n g f t) - / < e o
 n o n ' (a p o t e n t i a) / e n o t w o p
 d e r 1 p t s s n g e (e c d e n e r " o e " d)

Bem (Phys) 2/ en p/da k ip C
 e "2p" C ip a p m (dwa p 1
 we) p f' 1/2 (r, C 1/2) -
so 2 e 20 0/2 20 C 1/2 1/2

1/2 - 1/2

Bem (Phil) p 2/2 1 - p 0 "p 0" - p 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 < 1/2 2 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
 (0 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2) - 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

Bem - the n p/da p/da p/da p/da
 1/2 1/2 (1/2 1/2 1/2) 1/2 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2

Bem (Phil) - 1/2 1/2 (1/2 1/2)
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

e vlt J²W - p e "w" o y ✓
SIR 06/20 10 ✓ e y -

Bem (Phil) a p ontol. 100 ✓ 25 ✓
a priori p^o (m) ~ / y m^o
~ y ~ + 100 p : a o b m n
o ~ z f / Q. o m (0 & 60 y m n) ?

Bem (Phil) y y, ~ y z c y ~
w d d n y^o re w p re y s p m d y s c o
m n^o p 13 h w c m y y. m. o y
s ~ C o (s m d A.) 100 - c

e ~ m ~ y p o f i o c n (< o² e 2 c
y, o y ✓ f^m p y / a e y²) -

Bem (Phil) o n o r e a l ~ w o r -
re f m e d ~ o m p r e f : g r e s s a r i
(= n¹) - D n d f o r a b s . i^s e / e r n h
(m o c y s o f)

Bem (Phys) 1. p d f e p o y l o n p c
~ e ~ e i f^o s u ~ d a n y s b^o s f^o
~ Philos. n p u l l e n i S u b s t .^o s u ✓
s f^o m^o ~ A c c i d . (L e i b n .) - p e p^o

e₂ / m (Spinosa) - c₂ ~ 1/2 v₂²
p₂ = m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

2^a Syst. f₂ - c₂ ~ a priori h
A. p₂ "rel" (m v₂ = m c₂ / 2)

B. p₂ "rel" (m v₂ = m c₂ / 2)
p₂ = m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

2^a Syst. f₂ - c₂ ~ a priori h
"2" - m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

2. p₂ Kinematik. m v₂ = m c₂ / 2
"m v₂" p₂ = m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

possibilitas s. potentia - p₂
p₂ = m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

0.5/2

2^a Syst. f₂ - c₂ ~ a priori h

3. p₂ "rel" (m v₂ = m c₂ / 2)
p₂ = m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

rel₂ ~ m v₂ (m v₂ = m c₂ / 2)
p₂ = m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

p₂ "rel" (m v₂ = m c₂ / 2)
p₂ = m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

0.2/2 Actio s. Reactio [< v₂]
m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

m v₂ = m c₂ / 2

4. $p \sim \hbar k$ (abstr. 20) $\sim \hbar k$
 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
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 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)

1. $\hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 $\sim \hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)

Bem (Phys) $\hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)

1. $\hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 B. $\hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 C. $\hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
2. $\hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)
 $\hbar k \sim \sqrt{2mE}$ (abstr. 20)

2A. Logik & Mikros Makrogrößen
s. S. 151 ff.

3. Logik & Physik (s. S. 150)

Bem. (Theor.). $f = \text{nat} \text{sq} \text{sq} \text{sq} \text{sq} \text{sq}$

$f \text{ per } (p \text{ w}) \text{ (p)} - \text{on} = \text{pou} -$

$\text{se} \text{ (pou} \text{ nel) } \text{se} \text{ ed} - \text{zsh} \text{ z} \text{b} = \text{lab}$

$\text{sh} \text{ (pou} \text{ nel) } \text{se} \text{ ed} \text{ (pou} \text{ nel) } \text{se} \text{ ed}$

$\text{L} \text{ f } \text{ p} \text{ n} \text{ n} - \text{er} : \text{Q}^{\text{b}} \text{ mutus de spiritus}$

$\text{sancto} \text{ (f) } \text{h} \text{a} \text{f} \text{ i} \text{g} \text{ n} \text{ p} \text{ n} -$

$\text{f} \text{ Q}^{\text{b}} \text{ p} \text{ 5} \text{ 1} \text{ 9} \text{ c} \text{ l} \text{ a} \text{ l} \text{ f} \text{ z} \text{ o} \text{ z} \text{ b} \text{ c} \text{ n} \text{ p} \text{ n} -$

$e \text{ r} \text{ e} \text{ g} \text{ e} \text{ d}^2 \text{ (0} \text{ x} \text{ 0}^2 \text{ w} \text{ l} \text{ e} \text{ i} \text{ h} \text{ d} \text{ v} \text{ a} \text{ n}$
 $\text{, } \text{e} \text{ r} \text{ e} \text{ g} \text{ e} \text{ d}^2 \text{)}^2 \text{ e} \text{ b}^{\text{M}} \text{ s} \text{ o} \text{ p} \text{ s} \text{ a} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ d} \text{ t} \text{ a} \text{ t}$

$\text{a} \text{ o} \text{ l} \text{ t} \text{ a}^2 \text{ e} \text{ r} \text{ s} \text{ t} \text{ y} \text{ e} \text{ "Causae sui"$

$\text{h} \text{ a} \text{ < e} \text{ f} \text{ z} \text{ e} \text{ o} \text{ r}^{\text{x}} - \text{c} \text{ o} \text{ r} \text{ t} \text{ Causae}$

$\text{sui} \text{ h} \text{ a} \text{ f} \text{ z} \text{ e} \text{ o} \text{ f} \text{ e} \text{ r} \text{ t} \text{ b}^{\text{b}}$

$\text{z} \text{ e} \text{ g} \text{ p} \text{ o} \text{ e} \text{ r} \text{ z} \text{ z} \text{ e}^2 \text{ s} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ z}^2 \text{ b}^{\text{b}}$

$\text{a}^2 \text{ e} \text{ b}^{\text{b}} \text{ p} \text{ o} \text{ n} \text{ d} \text{ (e} \text{ -} \text{y} \text{ t} \text{ e} \text{ d}$

plausibel) - $e \text{ r} \text{ e} \text{ b}^{\text{b}} : \text{t} \text{ o} \text{ "p} \text{ a} \text{ l} \text{ i} \text{ g}$

$\text{e} \text{ r} \text{ e} \text{ p} \text{ w} \text{ o} \text{ z} \text{ -} \text{w} \text{ o} \text{ s} \text{ z} \text{ y} \text{ s} \text{ f} \text{ z} \text{ -} \text{w} \text{ e} \text{ r} \text{ "n} \text{ 100"$

$\text{e} \text{ r} \text{ p} \text{ z} \text{ e} \text{ r} \text{ "100" } \text{e} \text{ r} \text{ s} \text{ p} \text{ z} \text{ -} \text{c} \text{ o} \text{ r} \text{ t} \text{ f} \text{ y} \text{ f}$

$\text{z} \text{ e} \text{ p} \text{ z} \text{ -} \text{w} \text{ e} \text{ l} \text{ t} \text{ y} \text{ p} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ t} \text{ y} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ d} \text{ e} \text{ y} \text{ e} \text{ n} \text{ d} \text{ o}$

$\text{x} \text{ e}^2 \text{ e} \text{ Manichäismus } \text{w} \text{ o} : \text{e} \text{ l} \text{ o}^2$

Handwritten notes on the left page, top section. Includes the word "punio" and some illegible characters.

Bem (Philol) le d... "e" s i y

Handwritten notes on the left page, middle section. Includes the word "adaptare" and "adhibere".

Bem (Phil) p d... "m" z) "i

x - ...

Handwritten notes on the right page, top section. Includes the word "Ermit" and "scor".

Bem (Phil) n z ...

Handwritten notes on the right page, middle section. Includes the word "As-A" and "tel".

Handwritten notes on the right page, bottom section. Includes the word "m" and "com".

"- d' d' 0 am" a e "ND" e/ i b
 M D. J.: b/ a a' b' a M D
 (psychol)

Bem (Phil) e M (incl. 2 ions - e
 ~ ions) "1000" - "ab" (e fa
 - an) e ~ 2d c r a a - o "ed" ~
 ~ (y v ?) p e i b e c ~ ~ ~ ~
 (e' e o e t d e c ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
 e c ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
 y u l i t "e d n e")

Bem (Phil) "e h e h o n o c l
 - 2 ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
 o b (09) a ~ e d n i ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

Bem (Phil) f y p e e s u b j ~ ~ ~
 L o c : e y f ~ b A s B p e n e
 p f A s B b

Bem (Gr) E p e p f : ~ ~ ~ ~
 ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
 ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
 e E p e s t r e ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

x ~ ~

non lo v'ing $\hat{n} \approx$ sq p "Charact" °

8 p a) \hat{n} - size "iniquitas" ° ?

Bem(Gn) f up 22 of out in re. 1) d

~ 2208 (of x) f up $\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 =$

$\sum (u_i - v_i)^2$ u = c n f d ~

trigon. f up

Bem(Gn) f "analyt. by" L. g up

p e ~ - 81 8) L p [f e h e m s 16]

~ not probl] d 100 re p : c e up 8)

f p d f x s o e p d "t" w p e m b d

o pred paly. e x d ~ Hyp. ~ e re f

e p (27) n x s a 2 lines - (8) d

Pot. \rightarrow d - 20 8) < yk - s p c) =

o n e d "vnet" p 1 d n approx.

if e o d e - 10 12 g x f ~ e 22 100

5 "synthet." o p s sales (50 7.2 ~

synth. f f e e m) ~ "s e m e" d

~ 20 18 d p e - n 20 ~ p d (e l n e

m b e) f e d ~ e m 100 o "m b e"

e e ~ yk e "70 p" s p e (d f e 16 °

e y d e) - f e y - 10 y s d t "e d" - 20

recos... (Gerb. Math. I
p121) ~: Quia plerumque facilia
negligimus et multa quae clara
videntur assumimus.

Bem (Ps.) ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

Bem (Ps) de "Logos" ~ ~ ~
~ ~ ~ ~ ~

Bem ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
~ ~ ~ ~ ~

Bem (Phil) e "o" ~ ~ ~

(ang) ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
~ ~ ~ ~ ~
~ ~ ~ ~ ~
~ ~ ~ ~ ~

"f" ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
~ ~ ~ ~ ~

~ ~ ~ ~ ~
~ ~ ~ ~ ~

~ ~ ~ ~ ~ (o ~ ~ ~ ~ ?)

(The way a person is - the way of life)
h)

Bern (Phil) $\text{eg} \sim \text{b}^m \left\langle \text{supp} \sim \text{supp} \right\rangle$
The way of life: the way of life

Bern (Phil) $\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ i} \text{ e} \sim \text{na}^p - (\text{Tendenz})$

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ i} \text{ na}^p \text{ a} \text{ d} \text{ d}^p \sim \text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$
($\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \sim \text{na}^p \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$) - $\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \sim \text{a}$
 $\text{na}^p \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \sim \text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} - \text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the
 $\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$
 $\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \sim \text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \sim \text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$
 $\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ $\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$

[Conversion] $\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the way of life)

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the way of life)

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the way of life)

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e} \text{ a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the way of life)

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the way of life)

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the way of life)

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the way of life)

$\text{a} \text{ i} \text{ e} \text{ e}$ (the way of life)

ce p^o / (off) & e2 p^o - 1 < p
 p^o / e2 e^o m

Cond: o^o p^o p^o f: 1. 2^o m^o
 2. o^o e^o e^o m^o

s e s - ay can 1. - h^o p^o de s^o m^o
 2. - h^o s^o ip. 3. - h^o y e m^o s^o

Lebn. & Conatus & Impetus p^o d^o
 Modification d^o de co (e)
 e^o p^o & Extensio & figurae p^o

e^o p^o - pre Activ. e: p^o o^o s^o e^o, o,
 s^o p^o - h^o p^o e^o de s^o m^o - y^o can y^o p^o s^o ≡

Ben (Phil) e^o m^o Actus-passio
 (possibilitas) o ~ e^o Aspect.

1. Actus = can d^o e^o m^o p^o
 - A. / can^o s^o h^o o^o potentia d^o
 - B. / can^o s^o p^o ~ e^o m^o passio p^o s^o e^o (s^o /)
 - C. / can^o s^o p^o s^o e^o m^o passio^o s^o e^o (s^o /)
- < p^o h^o o^o potentia (2 m^o p^o Actus) ~ /
 o ~ privatio o^o s^o p^o d^o o^o p^o s^o
 o^o p^o ~ actus s^o e^o

Ben (Phil) e^o m^o d^o p^o s^o e^o o^o d^o ay
 L^o - d^o p^o y [ay p^o s^o e^o m^o e^o p^o y]

o^o p^o s^o e^o m^o p^o s^o e^o m^o (o^o can, e^o d^o s^o e^o m^o)

2 reg 8 te by 2 a p 2 b 2 p 2 l 2 p 2 w
2 m 2 e 2 e (2 te 2 m 2 t 2 e 2 l 2 p) 2 y 2 w 2 c 2 o

2 e 2 p 2 1 - 2 p 2 b 2 p 2 e 2 r 2 e - 2 t 2 o 2 y 2 n 2 f 2 e 2 v
2 s 2 p 2 s 2 p 2 m 2 e 2 n 2 g 2 u 2 m 2 (2 d 2 e 2 m 2 a 2 n 2 t 2 i 2 s 2 p 2 h 2 r 2 e 2)

2 e 2 n 2 e 2 s 2 a 2 g 2 r 2 i 2 t 2 a 2 t 2 a 2 s 2 , 2 h 2 a 2 e 2 c 2 i 2 v 2 i 2 t 2 a 2 s 2 , 2 n 2 o 2 n 2 i 2 s 2 t 2 i 2 s 2 p 2
2 n 2 p 2 h 2 i 2c 2 , 2 q 2u 2o 2d 2 , 2 c 2u 2m 2 t 2o 2m 2p 2o 2n 2t 2e 2 , 2 q 2u 2e 2m 2p 2r 2o 2m 2
2 i 2n 2d 2i 2c 2.)

Bem (Phil) 2 p 2 b 2 p 2 m 2 m 2 o 2 . 2 y 2 e 2 ~ 2 o 2 n
2 n 2 (2 2 v 2 a 2 e 2 m 2 l 2) 2 ~ 2 t 2 e 2 ~ 2 s 2 + 2
2 1 2 0 2 p 2 - 2 " 2 n 2 y 2 e 2 r 2 " 2 ~ 2 s 2 u 2 o 2 p 2 e 2 a 2 s 2
2 ~ 2 o 2 o 2 s 2 d 2 e 2 n 2 - 2 e 2 d 2 i 2 a 2 e 2 f 2 f 2 e 2 ~ 2 w 2 a 2 n 2 t

2 (2 p 2 l 2 i 2 c 2 i 2 t 2 y 2) 2 ~ 2 n 2 o 2 < 2 ~ 2 n 2 a 2 c 2 i 2 n 2
2 e 2 p 2 t 2 e 2 s 2 t 2 i 2c 2 u 2m 2 = 2 u 2t 2i 2l 2e 2 - 2 e 2

2 l 2 e 2 t 2 e 2 - 2 s 2 i 2m 2 (2 u 2t 2i 2c 2) 2 p 2 p 2 p 2 (2 a 2 d 2 / 2 a 2 r 2 d 2 e 2)
2 ~ 2 r 2 e 2 l 2 v 2 v 2 l 2s 2 s 2 p 2 (2 u 2b 2 e 2 t 2e 2) 2 < 2 d 2

2 v 2 s 2 c 2 o 2 : 2 n 2 o 2 n 2 - 2 p 2 l 2 g 2 i 2 n 2 o 2 2 s 2 / 2 (2
2 l 2 o 2 n 2 g 2 i 2 t 2 i 2c 2 i 2s 2) 2 i 2 g 2 h 2 e 2 r 2

Bem (Psych) 2 s 2 e 2 r 2 v 2 o 2 u 2l 2 (2 e 2 f 2 f 2 e 2 r 2
2 p 2 a 2 r 2 t 2 i 2c 2 i 2s 2 t 2y 2) - 2 l 2a 2n 2 e 2 l 2 i 2c 2 t 2u 2m 2 p 2a 2r 2t 2e 2
2 y 2 r 2a 2 e 2 u 2b 2 e 2 i 2g 2a 2s 2 , 2 p 2 b 2 s 2 a 2t 2i 2o 2c 2
2 e 2 r 2 v 2 o 2 u 2l 2 i 2c 2 t 2u 2m 2 - 2 v 2i 2s 2i 2t 2e 2 - 2 e 2p 2h 2y 2o

+ p / m

Jan 25 1901

Bem. (Phil). p. 101 D "up-6" "120K"

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

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up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

up-6" "120K" - x - 10/10/10

2nd part of the same series

to the 1st part of the same series -

the "1" is the 1st part of the same series

of the same series -

the 2nd part of the same series -

the 3rd part of the same series -

the 4th part of the same series (municipal) of

the 5th part of the same series -

the 6th part of the same series

the 7th part of the same series

the 1st part of the same series

the 2nd part of the same series (municipal) -

the 3rd part of the same series (Eggs) and

the 4th part of the same series -

the 5th part of the same series

the 6th part of the same series (municipal) -

the 7th part of the same series -

the 8th part of the same series

the 9th part of the same series

the 10th part of the same series -

the 11th part of the same series

the 12th part of the same series

$\sqrt{p} \in \mathcal{L}_2$: Subst, Adj, Verb, Adv.

\mathcal{L}_2 : I_{co} , Dem. Pron, Formal \mathcal{L} ,

Rel. & Intern. Pron, (wh) & Interrog \mathcal{L}^c

$\mathcal{L} / n \in \mathcal{L}$ or $n \in \mathcal{L}$ or $n \in \text{sgl}^c$, $\mathcal{L} \in$

$n^{(p)}$ $\mathcal{L} - \mathcal{L}$) - Formal \mathcal{L} :

Subst. re, to Adj. he, wh Adv. $\text{e}, \text{to}, \text{I}$

Verb. \sim | Dem Pron he Person I

Poses. ; Adv: $\text{e}, \text{to}, \text{co}$ Verb.

I, \sim | Relat Adv: e, wh Verb:

e, e - Präpos. & Konj. e

$\text{wh} - \text{e}^2 \text{I} \text{e}$ $\text{wh} \text{e}^2 \text{e}$ wh (e)

$\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$

Formal p. 80 $\text{e} : \text{I} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$

$(\mathcal{L}) [(n) f(n) \in N. \supset \cdot \mathcal{L}(n)]$ \mathcal{L} I Adv: \mathcal{L}

$\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$ - or $\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$

$\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$: $\mathcal{L}(n) \in N$

$\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$

$\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$

$\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$ I $\text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$

$\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$ "e p r e c o" I "e n

$\text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$ I $\text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$ I $\text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$ I $\text{e} \text{e} \text{I} \text{e} \text{e}$

6 p Impred. A ell sel e "a"
 f V n v t : "vpp" vpp e
 E e, ~ s₁ ~ 100 "r" 0 160 e²
 s d p ~ 2 f₂ ~ 2 ~ Brown-
 kalk. u uo p. Ax. & intens
 p. 010 e s b o ~ "er" p e² - p e² f
 ~ ext. u o e v ~ "100, ~ 00² u₂
~ 100 r"

Bem (Phil) e dnd R(a,b)
 & R(b,a) ~ 1/2 ~ 10/2 o e

~ n v e / p (v) ~ f v ~ n g r e
 / e ~ s d t "h₁ - e o ~ n d t
 R(ub) e v v S(ed) e S(d e)
 f l e v f e n e ~ e g p c l
 ~ (u o n e p f^u) - f d e d d
 (x) A(x) & B(x) | (x) A(x) B(x) ~ d
 "v" (o o o) h₂ ~ v e "v p"
 < A & B) ~ d e n g p ~ e
d e f ~ n g p ~ e p g ~ n d f
 s p n² f d e ~ 20 ~ n, n p s s v²

Ly
e'

Bem (Phil), e Em
... ..
... ..
... ..

Fra

Bem (Phil)
absurd
... ..

"Personifik."
... ..
... ..

Bem (Phil) (Gr).
... ..
... ..

Forts.
... ..

... .. Ende Seaside Heights

Bem (Phil) e D e t e n - a n - y e d
E g e t u f i (e g t e o t f o n)
w d d e h s u s e r e n - d e
u r e e z f e d e e r e
l y d (v g l p a e n i t u i t D e u m)

Bem (Phil) e M o o l B u r b (v a e p l e)
p s o d e n - e o j "m e e o g t o r d o , a

Bem (Phil) e d f o o m m o s d m m o
(M a s t o o p f a s e e) b e n e l
a u f u l e s o r t f i (e r o r

l "d") e d e n f o n f i s o e n g -
f r (o s s y p e d) y p s e r m e e -
"u" , -

Bem (Phil) p r e p i d m n A k t e n

l f o e o (e r y e i m o o "j" e n
e g n n y e) - d o < " e d o e " (. 1 0
e r o d e p f f) e n - v o t g e w e z b
n t (e o m m o n - s o p o n t e) -
L . o g o e p f f e z z o " e f f " e l -
d f r e b e z z n p f o e s p e z z 1

age 5 y tel air of "f" e^m
tel air e p to 3 ~ d b E p d^x

(as 2 "International" s "sp" p)
p p o d f - to y m^r tel - s p d
p y p d² / e o

Bem (Phil) e dnd e ud d o s r o 1 A
f u l g o b e c f s. s n d e p u d
(copy c o ~ m^r r) - e a ~
u r t g f e (u b w ~ "szp b s e n")

x e r o o b o o o l e y, uerthet. 1 g s
m d r o o p p (u r r e)

Bem (Phil) e u p 25 e e p p l d f
2 p d ~ d p r

Bem (Theol) e m y 2 p s t e d n
f e r b e p r d d t ~ "16" s i f e
~ 1 s p (p r b p ~ d m^r) -
m: p u l o o p o c: s o r o e i p (< o

d ~ "u g u l" f t - s² u e, r o f e
u s² u o d [e p u g u l b h d e e o -
d r g e p^x] e f s p e e t d "d"
f a d e d n / 1 s² o f "u m"

x e p b o d r e d (s f. d u g o b^m e
D o u o "d" n / 6^m)

ed t² yre "t" y d d e juf,
f e d i g (verbum) s d re f o o

m o d "ny" f u l (e n t y a n e d b)
e d f r e o

Bem (Phil) e s o f e s i o n s e "a r e s t e":

c o s i - e k u y d 2, k e n g a ~ 6

(s psychol. e r / m u t e b t e) u y - e r e / s

a g (: f o o ~ m l A s y n t h e t . s

x b e c o m d s u r e n t s y n t h e t .

c - t e d o d "d" s o a d . ~ e d E x i s t .

s y r y

Bem (Phil) p o ~ i u y a n g s t e d e e t e

e d e m e r e o "n o" y (e r e n t e j a d .
s r y e a t a l n e e) e e u y a n g e ,

d (e - d ~ n d m e n) d - s m

u y s e t a n g e a l e s ~ s y b a n g e n g e

20) e r s . 2 n ~ 1 . e a r e e d . 2 . e n g e

j u b (e r - "o") e f d , d p z s y r y

Bem (Phil) - d s o e r e p t p ~ d ~ o e r

Wong 95/126 - W. 16 p. 1
Wong 95/126 (aen'a
e o 9 6 ad (126)) - e g 2 # ~ 2 2 1
Wong 95/126 psych. ~ 70 1/2 * - < 0 1 2 3 4
psych. 70 1/2 + 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 (126)
70 1/2

Bern (Phil) 2 1/2 ~ 2 1/2 - 1/2 suggest. (1/2)
f < 1/2 ~ e 1/2 (1/2) 1/2 1/2
"2 1/2" Hypo: (1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2) e c
2 1/2 1/2

x pe 1/2

Bern (Phil) 6 e school. "Distinctiones"
te (0. 1/2) 1/2 1/2 ~ e 1/2 1/2
(1/2 1/2 1/2) 1/2 1/2 ~ e 1/2 1/2
f 1/2 1/2 / f "1/2" 1/2 1/2 1/2
~ 1/2 1/2 - 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
e 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 ~ 1/2 1/2
1/2 1/2 - < 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 (1/2 1/2)
f 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 ~ e 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

Bern (Philol.) 2 1/2 "1/2 1/2..." 1/2,
1/2, 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

of set of \mathbb{R} in power set of \mathbb{R}
is a proper subset of \mathbb{R} (by Cantor's theorem)

August.) sub: $\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}$

$\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}$ is false: \mathbb{R}^2 is not countable

\mathbb{R}^2 is "uncountable" (by Cantor's theorem)

and \mathbb{R}^2 is not a subset of \mathbb{R}

of \mathbb{R} (by Cantor's theorem)

in \mathbb{R} is a subset of \mathbb{R} (by Cantor's theorem)

of \mathbb{R}) - $\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}$ is false

to the "uncountable" - Cantor's theorem "uncountable"
is a subset of \mathbb{R} (by Cantor's theorem)

Bem (Phil) and $\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}$

$\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}$ is false: \mathbb{R}^2 is not countable

and \mathbb{R}^2 is not a subset of \mathbb{R}

of \mathbb{R} (by Cantor's theorem)

Bem (Phil) is a subset of \mathbb{R}

and $\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}$ is false

in \mathbb{R} is a subset of \mathbb{R} (by Cantor's theorem)

$\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}$ is false: \mathbb{R}^2 is not countable

Notebook

"Max XII"