

# Labor Law Compliance Center

## ILLINOIS

Labor Law Compliance Center  
[posters@laborlawcc.com](mailto:posters@laborlawcc.com)  
[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)  
(800) 801-0597

# Illinois Labor Law Posters

English

\*Recently updated notices are highlighted

Posting Name & ID	Posting Requirements	Published Date
Minimum Wage (Your Rights Under Illinois Employment Law) IL01E	All employers	01/26
Pregnancy Rights IL02E	All employers	02/23
Unemployment Insurance IL03E	All employers	08/12
Workers' Compensation IL04E	All employers	01/25
Public Sector OSHA IL05E	Public sector employers Designed on a 8.5 x 14 inch layout with >10 point type	01/26
Employee Classification Act IL06E	Construction Contractors Utilizing Independent Contractors	01/08
Temporary Labor Services IL07E	Day and Temporary Labor Service Agencies	12/24
Emergency Care for Choking IL08E	Food Service Establishments	09/13
Victims' Economic Security and Safety Act (VESSA) IL09E	All employers	01/26

# Illinois Labor Law Posters

English

\*Recently updated notices are highlighted

Posting Name & ID	Posting Requirements	Published Date
Human Trafficking IL10E	<p>Effective as of January 1, 2016, liquor stores, adult entertainment facilities, airports, bus stations, rail stations, truck stops, emergency rooms, urgent care centers, farm labor contractors, and privately-operated job recruitment centers must post a notice with the National Human Trafficking Resource Center hotline number in a conspicuous place.</p> <p>The notice must be at least 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches in size, written in a 16-point font.</p> <p>The notice must be printed in English, Spanish, and in one other language that is the most widely spoken language in the county where the establishment is located and for which translation is mandated by the federal Voting Rights Act.  <a href="#">Click here</a> for the poster in additional languages.</p>	07/20
Discrimination IL11E	All employers	09/22
ISERRA IL12E	All employers	01/26
Paid Leave for All Workers IL13E	All employers	12/23
Workplace Health and Safety Guidance for Employees and Staff of Businesses IL14E	All employers	08/20
E-Verify IL15E	All employers who participate in the Federal E-Verify Program	01/25
Captive Audience IL16E	All employers	01/25

# Illinois Labor Law Posters

English

\*Recently updated notices are highlighted

Posting Name & ID	Posting Requirements	Published Date
Equal Pay Act IL17E	All employers with 15 or more employees	01/25
Veterans Benefits and Services IL18E	All employers	03/25
No Smoking or E-Cigarette Use IL19E	All employers	01/25
Nursing Mothers in the Workplace Act IL20E	Recommended for all employers	01/26
Chicago Minimum Wage & Paid Sick Leave IL21E - IL22E	All employers in the city of Chicago	07/25
Chicago Fair Workweek IL23E	All employers in the city of Chicago	07/25
Chicago Sexual Harassment IL24E	All employers in the city of Chicago	07/23
Cook County Minimum Wage IL25E	All employers in Cook County (except those in the city of Chicago, as the Chicago versions supersede Cook County)	07/25
Cook County Paid Sick Leave IL26E	All employers in Cook County (except those in the city of Chicago, as the Chicago versions supersede Cook County)	12/23





STATE OF ILLINOIS  
ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

# PAYDAY NOTICE

REGULAR PAYDAYS FOR EMPLOYEES OF \_\_\_\_\_  
(FIRM NAME)

\_\_\_\_\_ SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

PAY CHECKS WILL BE DISTRIBUTED AT \_\_\_\_\_  
(PLACE OF DISTRIBUTION)

BY \_\_\_\_\_

TITLE \_\_\_\_\_

This is in accordance with 820 ILCS 115.10



# EMERGENCY

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**AMBULANCE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**FIRE - RESCUE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**HOSPITAL:** \_\_\_\_\_

**PHYSICIAN:** \_\_\_\_\_

**ALTERNATE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**POLICE:** \_\_\_\_\_



This is a summary of laws that satisfies Illinois Department of Labor posting requirements.

# Your Rights Under Illinois Employment Laws



The mission of the Illinois Department of Labor is to protect and promote the wages, welfare, working conditions, and safety of Illinois workers by enforcing State labor and employment laws, providing compliance assistance to employers, and increasing public awareness of workplace protections. Through enforcement, education, and community partnerships, the Department works to ensure that workers are paid what they are owed and that employers who follow the law remain competitive.

## Minimum Wage & Overtime

### SETS MINIMUM WAGE FOR EMPLOYEES

Effective Jan. 1 2025

**\$15.00** PER HOUR

Applies to employers with 4 or more employees. Domestic workers are covered even if the employer only has 1 worker. Certain workers are not covered by the Minimum Wage Law and some workers may be paid less than the minimum wage under limited conditions.

**\$9.00** PER HOUR

Applies to tipped employees. If an employee's tips combined with the wages from the employer do not equal the minimum wage, the employer must make up the difference.

**\$13.00** PER HOUR

Applies to youths (under 18) working fewer than 650 hours per calendar year.

### Overtime

Most hourly employees and some salaried employees are covered by the overtime law and must be compensated at time and one-half their regular pay for hours worked over 40 in a workweek.

Hotline: 1-800-478-3998

## Unpaid Wages

### WAGE PAYMENT AND COLLECTION ACT

- Employees must receive their final compensation, including earned wages, vacation pay, commissions and bonuses on their next regularly scheduled payday.
- Unauthorized deductions from paychecks are not allowed except as specified by law.
- Employers must reimburse employees for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by an employee during the scope of employment and related to services performed for the employer. Employee must submit reimbursement request within 30 calendar days unless an employer policy allows for additional time to submit.
- Employer must provide an employee with a paystub for every pay period.

Hotline: 1-312-793-2808

## Paid Leave

### REQUIRES PAID LEAVE FOR ANY REASON

- **Workers:** Earn up to 40 hours of paid leave from work per year.
- **Use:** Workers can use paid leave for any reason of their choosing. Employers may not require workers to provide a reason for their paid leave request.
- **Accrual:** Workers earn 1 hour of paid leave for every 40 hours they work. Employers may also provide workers with all paid leave hours at the start of the 12-month period (frontloading).
- **Carryover:** Workers rollover all unused accrued paid leave at the end of the year. Any unused frontloaded leave does not have to be carried over.
- **Retaliation is prohibited:** Penalties may apply to employers that take adverse action against workers who exercise their rights under this law.

### Existing Policy and Exclusions

Certain exceptions may apply for employers who already provide their workers with paid leave. There are also certain categories of workers that are not covered by the law.

Hotline: 312-793-2600

## Meal & Rest Periods

### ONE DAY REST IN SEVEN ACT

Provides employees with 24 consecutive hours of rest within every seven (7) consecutive day period.

- Employers may obtain permits from the Department allowing employees to voluntarily work seven consecutive days.
- Employees working 7 1/2 continuous hours must be allowed a meal period of at least 20 minutes no later than 5 hours after the start of work, and an additional 20 minutes if working a 12 hour shift or longer.
- Employees must be afforded reasonable bathroom breaks.

Hotline: 1-312-793-2804

## Child Labor

### WORKERS UNDER AGE 16

Children under the age of 14 may not work in most jobs, except under limited conditions.

14 and 15-year-olds may work if the following requirements are met:

- Employment certificates have been issued by the school district and filed with the Department of Labor confirming that a minor is old enough to work, physically capable to perform the job, and that the job will not interfere with the minor's education;
  - The work is not deemed a hazardous occupation (a full listing can be found on our website);
  - Work is limited to 3 hours per day on school days, 8 hours per day on non-school days and no more than 6 days or 18 hours per week when school is in session or 40 hours per week when school is not in session.
  - Work is performed only between the hours of 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. during the school year (7 a.m. to 9 p.m. June through September); and
  - A 30-minute meal period is provided no later than the fifth hour of work.

Hotline: 1-800-645-5784

## Violent Crime Victims' Leave

Provides employees who are victims of domestic, gender, or sexual violence or any other crime of violence, or who have family or household members who are victims, in certain situations, with up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave and other accommodations and protections during a 12-month period.

- Employees who are eligible for unpaid bereavement leave under the Family Bereavement Leave Act are entitled to an additional 2 weeks of unpaid leave for certain reasons relating to a family or household member's death due to a crime of violence. This leave must be used within 60 days after the date the employee received notice of the death of the victim.
- Effective 1/1/26, employees cannot be discriminated or retaliated against for using an employer-issued electronic device to document domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence. Employers must also provide employees with access to the data stored on these devices related to the violence.

Hotline: 1-312-793-2600

## Equal Pay Act

Requires employers to pay equal wages to men and women doing the same or substantially similar work, unless such wage differences are based upon a seniority system, a merit system, or factors other than gender.

- Employers and employment agencies are banned from asking applicants past wage and compensation histories.
- Employees may disclose or discuss their own salaries, benefits, and other compensation with their co-workers and colleagues.
- Employers are not allowed to pay less to African American employees versus non-African American employees
- Certain employees at large businesses may request wage/salary history for their job title from IDOL.
- Employers that publish job postings must include that position's pay and benefits if an individual works in Illinois or, if working remotely out of state, reports to a supervisor or work location in Illinois.

Hotline: 1-866-372-4365



For more information or to file a complaint, contact the Department at:

524 South 2nd St, Suite 400, Springfield, IL 62701 (217) 782-6206  
115 S LaSalle St Chicago, IL 60603 (312) 793-2800

2309 W. Main Street, Suite 115 Marion, IL 62959 (618) 993-7090

For a complete text of the laws, visit our website: [www.labor.illinois.gov](http://www.labor.illinois.gov)

THIS NOTICE MUST BE DISPLAYED IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE ON THE PREMISES OF THE EMPLOYER WHERE OTHER NOTICES ARE POSTED.

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**State of Illinois**  
Department of Human Rights



# PREGNANCY and your RIGHTS in the WORKPLACE

**Are you pregnant, recovering from childbirth, or do you have a medical or common condition related to pregnancy?**

If so, you have the right to:

- Ask your employer for a reasonable accommodation for your pregnancy, such as more frequent bathroom breaks, assistance with heavy work, a private space for expressing milk, or time off to recover from your pregnancy.
- Reject an unsolicited accommodation offered by your employer for your pregnancy.
- Continue working during your pregnancy if a reasonable accommodation is available which would allow you to continue performing your job.

**Your employer cannot:**

- Discriminate against you because of your pregnancy.
- Retaliate against you because you requested a reasonable accommodation.

## PREGNANCY and your RIGHTS in the WORKPLACE

It is illegal for your employer to fire you, refuse to hire you or to refuse to provide you with a reasonable accommodation because of your pregnancy. For more information regarding your rights, download the Illinois Department of Human Rights' fact sheet from our website at [dhr.illinois.gov](http://dhr.illinois.gov)

Es ilegal que su empleador la despida, se niegue a contratarla o a proporcionarle una adaptación razonable a causa de su embarazo. Para obtener información sobre el embarazo y sus derechos en el lugar de trabajo en español, visite [dhr.illinois.gov](http://dhr.illinois.gov)



**For immediate help or if you have questions, call**  
**(312) 814-6200 or (217) 785-5100 or (866) 740-3953 (TTY)**

**CHICAGO**  
555 West Monroe St.  
Suite 700, Intake Unit  
Chicago, IL 60661  
(312) 814-6200

**SPRINGFIELD**  
524 S. 2nd St.  
Suite 300, Intake Unit  
Springfield, IL 62701  
(217) 785-5100

**Learn more, contact IDHR, or initiate a charge at:**  
**<https://dhr.illinois.gov>**



# NOTICE to workers about Unemployment Insurance Benefits

THE POSTING OF THIS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BY THE ILLINOIS UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT.

## FILING A CLAIM

The Illinois Unemployment Insurance Act provides for the payment of benefits to eligible unemployed workers and for the collection of employer contributions from liable employers. It is designed to provide living expenses while new employment is sought. Claims should be filed as soon as possible after separation from employment. Claims can be filed online at [www.ides.illinois.gov](http://www.ides.illinois.gov) or at the nearest Illinois Department of Employment Security office to the worker's home. To be eligible for benefits, an unemployed individual must be available for work, able to work and actively seeking work and, in addition, must not be disqualified under any provisions of the Illinois Unemployment Insurance Act.

Each employer shall deliver the pamphlet "What Every Worker Should Know About Unemployment Insurance" to each worker separated from employment for an expected duration of seven or more days. The pamphlet shall be delivered to the worker at the time of separation or, if delivery is impracticable, mailed within five days after the date of the separation to the worker's last known address. Pamphlets shall be supplied by the Illinois Department of Employment Security to each employer without cost.

A claimant may also be entitled to receive, in addition to the weekly benefit amount, an allowance for a non-working spouse or a dependent child or children. The allowance is a percentage of the average weekly wage of the claimant in his or her base period. The weekly benefit amount plus any allowance for a dependent make up the total amount payable.

If, during a calendar week an employee does not work full-time because of lack of work, he or she may be eligible for partial benefits if the wages earned in such calendar week are less than his or her weekly benefit amount. For any such week, employers should provide employees with a statement of "low earnings" which should be taken to their Illinois Department of Employment Security office.

**NOTE:** Illinois unemployment insurance benefits are paid from a trust fund to which only employers contribute. No deductions may be made from the wages of workers for this purpose.

Unemployment insurance information is available from any Illinois Department of Employment Security office. To locate the office nearest you, call 1-800-244-5631 or access the locations through our website at [www.ides.illinois.gov](http://www.ides.illinois.gov).

## BENEFITS

Every claimant who files a new claim for unemployment insurance benefits must serve an unpaid waiting week for which he has filed and is otherwise eligible.

The claimant's weekly benefit amount is usually a percentage of the worker's average weekly wage. The worker's average weekly wage is computed by dividing the wages paid during the two highest quarters of the base period by 26. The maximum weekly benefit amount is a percentage of the statewide average weekly wage. The minimum weekly benefit amount is \$51. The statewide average weekly wage is calculated each year.

### If Your Benefit Year Begins:

### Your Base Period Will Be:

#### This year between:

#### Last year between:

Jan. 1 and March 31

Jan. 1 and Sept. 30 and the year before between Oct. 1 and Dec. 31

#### This year between:

#### Last year between:

April 1 and June 30

Jan. 1 and Dec. 31

#### This year between:

#### Last year between:

July 1 and Sept. 30

April 1 and Dec. 31 and this year between Jan. 1 and March 31

#### This year between:

#### Last year between:

Oct. 1 and Dec. 31

July 1 and Dec. 31 and this year between Jan. 1 and June 30

In order to be monetarily eligible, a claimant must be paid a minimum of \$1,600 during the base period with at least \$440 of that amount being paid outside the highest calendar quarter.

If you have been awarded temporary total disability benefits under a workers' compensation act or other similar acts, or if you only have worked within the last few months, your base period may be determined differently. Contact your local IDES office for more information.

## REPORTING TIPS

Each employee who receives tips must report these tips to employers on a written statement or on Form UC-51, "Employee's Report of Tips," in duplicate. Employers can furnish this form on request. The report shall be submitted on the day the wages are paid, or not later than the next payday, and shall include the amount of tips received during the pay period.

## TAXATION OF BENEFITS

Unemployment insurance benefits are taxable if you are required to file a state or federal income tax return. You may choose to have federal and/or Illinois state income tax withheld from your weekly benefits. Since benefits are not subject to mandatory income tax withholding, if you do not choose to withhold, you may be required to make estimated tax payments using Internal Revenue Service Form 1040 ES and Illinois Department of Revenue Form IL 1040 ES.

For additional information, call these toll-free numbers:  
**Internal Revenue Service** 1-800-829-1040.  
**Illinois Department of Revenue** 1-800-732-8866.

This poster fulfills all posting requirements for the Illinois Department of Employment Security.  
EMPLOYERS ARE REQUIRED TO POST THIS NOTICE IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE FOR ALL EMPLOYEES.

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# WORKERS' COMPENSATION

is a system of benefits provided by law to most workers who have job-related injuries or illnesses. Benefits are paid for injuries that are caused, in whole or in part, by an employee's work. This may include the aggravation of a pre-existing condition, injuries brought on by the repetitive use of a part of the body, heart attacks, or any other physical problem caused by work. Benefits are paid regardless of fault.

## IF YOU HAVE A WORK-RELATED INJURY OR ILLNESS, TAKE THE FOLLOWING STEPS:

- 1. GET MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.** By law, your employer must pay for all necessary medical services required to cure or relieve the effects of the injury or illness. Where necessary, the employer must also pay for physical, mental, or vocational rehabilitation, within prescribed limits. The employee may choose two physicians, surgeons, or hospitals. If the employer notifies you that it has an approved Preferred Provider Program for workers' compensation, the PPP counts as one of your two choices of providers.
- 2. NOTIFY YOUR EMPLOYER.** You must notify your employer of the accidental injury or illness within 45 days, either orally or in writing. To avoid possible delays, it is recommended the notice also include your name, address, telephone number, Social Security number, and a brief description of the injury or illness.
- 3. LEARN YOUR RIGHTS.** Your employer is required by law to report accidents that result in more than three lost work days to the Workers' Compensation Commission. Once the accident is reported, you should receive a handbook that explains the law, benefits, and procedures. If you need a handbook, please call the Commission or go to the Web site.

If you must lose time from work to recover from the injury or illness, you may be entitled to receive weekly payments and necessary medical care until you are able to return to work that is reasonably available to you.

It is against the law for an employer to harass, discharge, refuse to rehire or in any way discriminate against an employee for exercising his or her rights under the Workers' Compensation or Occupational Diseases Acts. If you file a fraudulent claim, you may be penalized under the law.

- 4. KEEP WITHIN THE TIME LIMITS.** Generally, claims must be filed within three years of the injury or disablement from an occupational disease, or within two years of the last workers' compensation payment, whichever is later. Claims for pneumoconiosis, radiological exposure, asbestosis, or similar diseases have special requirements.

Injured workers have the right to reopen their case within 30 months after an award is made if the disability increases, but cases that are resolved by a lump-sum settlement contract approved by the Commission cannot be reopened. Only settlements approved by the Commission are binding.

For more information, go to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission's Web site or call any office:

Chicago: 312/814-6500    Collinsville: 618/346-3450    Peoria: 312/814-6500    Springfield: 217/785-7087  
Web site: [www.iwcc.il.gov](http://www.iwcc.il.gov)    Rockford: 312/814-6500    TDD (Deaf): 866/383-4370

<b>BY LAW, EMPLOYERS MUST DISPLAY THIS NOTICE IN A PROMINENT PLACE IN EACH WORKPLACE AND COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW.</b>			
Party handling workers' compensation claims			
Business address			
Business phone			
Effective date		Termination date	
Policy number		Employer's FEIN	







State of Illinois  
Department of Labor



# Job Safety and Health IT'S THE LAW!

## Required Posting for State and Local Government Employers

### EMPLOYEES:

- **You** have the right to a safe workplace.
- **You** have the right to raise a safety or health concern with your employer or confidentially with IL-OSHA.
- **You** have the right to request an IL-OSHA inspection if you believe there are unsafe or unhealthy conditions.
- **You** have the right to participate in an IL-OSHA inspection and speak privately to the inspector.
- **You** have the right to see IL-OSHA citations issued to your employer.
- **You** must comply with all standards under the Illinois Occupational Safety and Health Act that applies to your own actions and conduct on the job.
- **You** can file a complaint with IL-OSHA within 30 days if you have been retaliated against for exercising your rights under the Act.
- **You** have the right to copies of your medical records and records of your exposures to toxic and harmful substances or conditions.

### EMPLOYERS:

- Must furnish employees a workplace free from recognized hazards.
- Must comply with all applicable standards under the Illinois Occupational Safety and Health Act.
- Must prominently display this poster in the workplace as well as all notices and all official correspondence received by IL-OSHA.
- Must post any citations issued by IL-OSHA at or near the place of the alleged violation(s).
- Must correct workplace hazards by the date indicated on the citation and must certify that the hazards have been abated.
- Must maintain records of work-related injuries and illnesses. Employers must post the previous year annual summary (OSHA 300A) from February 1 until April 30.
- **NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT:** Employers must orally report any work-related fatalities within 8 hours, and any inpatient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye within 24 hours by calling 217-782-7860. This is a 24/7 hotline.

The Illinois Occupational Safety and Health Act [820 ILCS 219] provides job safety and health protection for employees of state and local government agencies. The Illinois State Plan is a developmental plan partially funded by a federal grant. Any concerns regarding the administration of the Illinois State Plan can be forwarded to the OSHA Region V Office: Federal Building, 230 South Dearborn Street, Room 3244, Chicago, IL 60604. Phone: 312-353-2220.



Lincoln Tower Plaza  
524 South 2nd Street,  
Suite 400  
Springfield, Illinois 62701  
(217) 782-6206  
Fax: (217) 782-0596

Jesse White State  
of Illinois Building  
115 S LaSalle Street, 37th Fl.  
Chicago IL 60603  
(312) 793-2800  
Fax: (312) 793-5257



[labor.illinois.gov](http://labor.illinois.gov)  
217-782-6206  
[dol.questions@illinois.gov](mailto:dol.questions@illinois.gov)



[OSHA.illinois.gov](http://OSHA.illinois.gov)  
217-782-9386  
[dol.safety@illinois.gov](mailto:dol.safety@illinois.gov)



**ON-SITE**  
Safety & Health Consultation Program

[worksafe.illinois.gov](http://worksafe.illinois.gov)  
1-800-972-4216  
[dol.consultation@illinois.gov](mailto:dol.consultation@illinois.gov)

The 23(g) State and Local Government Plan is funded by a federal grant which constitutes fifty percent of the overall budget. Fifty percent is financed by State funds.

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[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)







# Department of Labor IDOL

## State of Illinois

### NOTICE TO INDIVIDUALS PERFORMING SERVICES FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS

**REQUIRED POSTING** – Contractors that have one or more individuals **not** classified as employees must post this notice in a conspicuous place on each jobsite and in their offices.

#### EMPLOYEE CLASSIFICATION ACT (820 ILCS 185/1-999) Effective Date: January 1, 2008

The Employee Classification Act establishes criteria to determine if an individual performing services for a construction contractor is an employee of the contractor or is an independent contractor. Individuals performing services for contractors on or after January 1, 2008 are presumed to be employees of the contractor unless they meet criteria specified in Section 10 of the law. The Act seeks to ensure that workers in the construction industry are offered protections under numerous labor laws, including minimum wage, overtime, workers' compensation and unemployment insurance and are not misclassified as independent contractors in order to avoid tax and labor law obligations.

Any aggrieved individual or interested party has the right to file a complaint with the Department of Labor or file a private lawsuit seeking remedies for misclassification violations, including collection of any wages, employment benefits or other compensation denied or lost, monetary damages, attorney's fees and court costs. Contractors determined to be in violation of the Act are subject to civil and criminal penalties.

It is a violation of the Act to discharge an individual for exercising any rights, including making a complaint or testifying in an investigation under the Act, subject to additional damages, attorney's fees and costs.

**For more information or to file a complaint, contact:**

### AVISO A PERSONAS QUE TRABAJAN PARA CONTRATISTAS EN EL AREA DE LA CONSTRUCCION

**FIJACION OBLIGATORIA** – Contratistas que disponen de uno ó más individuos que **no** son catalogados como "empleados" deben de fijar este aviso en un lugar sobresaliente en cada sitio de trabajo y en sus oficinas.

#### LA LEY DE CODIFICACION PARA EL EMPLEADO (820 ILCS 185/1-999) Fecha Vigente: el 1° de enero del 2008

La Ley de Codificación Para el Empleado decreta normas para determinar si una persona que trabaja para contratistas en el área de la construcción es un "empleado" del contratista ó si es un "contratista independiente." A partir del 1° de enero personas que trabajan para contratistas son presuntamente empleados, al menos que ellos cumplan ciertos criterios establecidos en la Sección 10 de esta ley. La ley intenta asegurar que trabajadores en la industria de la construcción sean protegidos bajo varias leyes de trabajo (incluyendo la del salario mínimo, horas extras, protección laboral y seguro de desempleo) y que no sean clasificados erróneamente como "contratistas independientes" para que el contratista pueda evitar sus obligaciones en relación a impuestos y las leyes de trabajo.

Cualquier persona perjudicada, ó que tenga un interés directo, tiene el derecho de presentar un reclamo con el Departamento de Trabajo, ó puede presentar una demanda privada demandando remedios por infracciones al ser clasificados erróneamente (incluyendo recopilación de salario, beneficios por ser empleado ó cualquier otra compensación que le fue negada ó pérdida, así como también pérdidas monetarias y costos de abogado y de la corte). Contratistas a quienes se les haya determinado que han violado la ley son sujetos a sanciones civiles y criminales.

Es una infracción despedir a un trabajador por ejercer sus derechos bajo esta ley (incluyendo el poner un reclamo ó por dar testimonio en una investigación bajo esta ley) y puede ser sujeto a daños adicionales, costos de abogado y de la corte.

**Para más información ó para presentar un reclamo, comuníquese al:**

### OBWIESZCZENIE DLA OSÓB WYKONUJĄCYCH PRACĘ NA ZLECENIE DLA FIRM BUDOWLANO-KONTRAKTORSKICH

**WYMAGA SIĘ WYWIESIĆ W MIEJSCU PRACY** – Właściciele firm budowlanych, zatrudniający osoby oficjalnie **nie** będące pracownikami firmy, muszą wywiesić powyższą informację w miejscu ogólnie dostępnym dla wszystkich pracowników w biurze jak i we wszystkich miejscach pracy po za biurem.

#### USTAWA DOTYCZĄCA KLASYFIKACJI PRACOWNIKÓW (820 ILCS 185/1-999) Obowiązuje od 1 stycznia, 2008

Ustawa dotycząca klasyfikacji pracowników ustala kryteria czy osoba wykonująca pracę na zlecenie dla firmy budowlano-kontraktorskiej jest pracownikiem firmy zlecającej usługi czy też jest pracownikiem niezależnym. Z dniem 1 stycznia, 2008, osoby wykonujące usługi na zlecenie dla właścicieli firm budowlanych są uznawane za pracowników firm dla których wykonują zlecenie; wyjątek stanowi spełnienie kryteriów zawartych w Paragrafie 10 Kodeksu Pracy. Ustawa ma za zadanie chronić praw, osób zatrudnionych w przemyśle budowlanym, zagwarantowanych przez prawo pracy, włączając prawo do minimalnej stawki, nadgodzin, odszkodowań i ubezpieczeń; oraz przeciwdziałać uchyleńom od płacenia podatków i przestrzegania zobowiązań dotyczących prawa pracowników.

Każda osoba, której prawa zostały naruszone, oraz osoby postronne mogą złożyć skargę w Departamencie Pracy lub też dochodzić swoich praw drogą sądową, włączając domaganie się zwrotu zaległych płac, ubezpieczenia, które w związku z powyższym zostało pracownikowi odmówione lub odebrane, odszkodowań, oraz zwrotu kosztów sądowych. Właściciele firm budowlanych, którzy nie przestrzegają Ustawy, będą poddani karze.

Jest niezgodnym z Ustawą zwalnianie pracownika, który domaga się swoich praw, złożył zażalenie, lub też jest świadkiem w rozprawie dotyczącej naruszenia Ustawy, i stanowi podmiot do odszkodowania i dodatkowych kosztów sądowych.

**Aby złożyć skargę lub uzyskać więcej informacji skontaktuj się z:**

Illinois Department of Labor  
One West Old State Capitol Plaza  
Room 300  
Springfield, IL 62701  
(217) 782-1710  
[www.state.il.us/agency/idol](http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol)





# DAY AND TEMPORARY LABOR SERVICES ACT

## TEMPORARY WORKER RIGHTS

### CORRECT WAGES AND PAYMENT NOTICE

You have the right to be paid correctly based on your pay rate and hours worked and in accordance with all applicable wage laws. The Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency must provide you with a detailed statement with the name and contact information for each third-party client where you worked, number of hours worked at each client company's worksite each day, your rate of pay for each hour worked, total pay period earnings, and all deductions.

### SAFETY AND HAZARD TRAINING

On or before your first day working at a client company each year, the Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency must give you general safety training for the client company's worksite. The training will cover all known and existing hazards, including hazards reported to the client company or the Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency by a worker. Training will be provided at no cost to you, and you must be paid for time spent in training.

### RIGHT TO REFUSE ASSIGNMENT DUE TO A LABOR DISPUTE

You have the right to refuse assignment to the client company's worksite or location where there is a strike, lockout, or other labor trouble without being retaliated against by your Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency.

### TRANSPORTATION

If your Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency or client company provides transportation to a worksite or refers you to a particular person, company, or carpool that provides transportation to a worksite, you cannot be charged for that transportation.

### EQUAL PAY

A worker that is assigned to work at a client company and performs work at the same client company for more than 720 hours within a 12-month period, has a right to be paid not less than the straight time hourly rate of pay or hourly equivalent of a directly hired employee who is entitled to overtime, provided that the worker performs the same or substantially similar work. If there is not a directly hired employee performing the same or substantially similar work, a worker has a right to be paid not less than the straight time hourly rate of pay or hourly equivalent of the lowest paid directly hired employee who is entitled to overtime.

## DAY AND TEMPORARY LABOR AGENCIES' RESPONSIBILITIES

### REQUIRED NOTICE

Each Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency shall post this notice in an area easily accessible to all workers at each work location or branch office.

### WAGE PAYMENT AND NOTICE TO THE WORKER

A Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency shall provide, on a paycheck stub, a detailed statement with the following:

- contact information about each client company where the laborer worked
- number of hours worked at each client company's worksite each day
- rate of pay for each hour worked
- total pay period earnings
- all deductions

The Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency shall also provide each worker an annual earnings summary within a reasonable time after the preceding calendar year.

Temporary workers have the right to request that their Day and Temporary Labor Services Agency issue weekly, bi-weekly, or semi-monthly checks.

### TRANSPORTATION

Day and Temporary Labor Services Agencies are responsible for the conduct of drivers providing transportation for workers unless an exception applies in the Act.

### REGISTRATION

Day and Temporary Labor Services Agencies must register with the Illinois Department of Labor. Registration information is available online at [labor.illinois.gov/idthsa](http://labor.illinois.gov/idthsa)

### PLACEMENT FEES

Conversion or Placement fees cannot be charged by an agency after a laborer has performed work for 60 days at a third-party client.

## COMPLAINTS

To file a complaint or report a violation with the Department of Labor, visit [labor.illinois.gov](http://labor.illinois.gov) or call toll-free at

**1-877-314-7052**





# Emergency Care for **CHOKING**

## CONSCIOUS VICTIM

If victim **CAN** breathe,  
cough or make sounds,  
**DO NOT INTERFERE.**



Give quick upward  
thrusts above the  
belly button and  
below the ribs until  
object is forced out,  
victim can breathe  
again, or victim  
becomes unconscious

If victim **CANNOT** breathe,  
cough or make sounds,  
ask if you can help.



## UNCONSCIOUS VICTIM

Send someone to call 911 and get the Automated External Defibrillator (AED).  
**IF YOU ARE ALONE**, perform 5 sets of 30 compressions and 2 breaths before  
leaving to call 911. Follow these steps.



Give 30 compressions pushing  
down **AT LEAST 2 inches** on the  
center of the chest. Place one hand  
on top of the other. Push hard.



Open the airway and check  
the mouth for objects.  
Remove the obstructing  
object only if you see it.



With the airway open,  
attempt to give **TWO** breaths.  
If unsuccessful, return to  
compressions.

**Repeat steps 1, 2 and 3 until victim starts breathing or until emergency medical help arrives.**

Illinois Department of Public Health  
Emergency Medical Systems and Highway Safety  
422 S. 5th St., Third Floor  
Springfield, IL 62701 • 217-785-2080

Standards for CPR and ECC are consistent with  
American Heart Association recommendations.

IOCI 14-210

- Have someone call for an ambulance, rescue squad or EMS.
- **DO NOT PRACTICE ON PEOPLE.** Abdominal thrusts may cause injury.
- Use back blows and chest thrust on infants. Use chest thrust on pregnant women and obese victims.
- For children 1 to 8 years of age, compress at the depth of approximately 2 inches.
- Learn to perform emergency care for choking and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).
- For CPR training information, call your local American Heart Association or American Red Cross chapter.



# Victims' Economic Security and Safety Act (VESSA)

## REQUIRED NOTICE FOR EMPLOYERS

**VESSA** provides employees who are victims of domestic violence, sexual violence, gender violence, or any other crime of violence, and employees who have a family or household member who is a victim of such violence, with unpaid, job-guaranteed leave; reasonable accommodations; and protections from discrimination and retaliation.

This time may be used if the employee or the employee's family or household member is:

- Experiencing an incident of domestic violence, sexual violence, gender violence, or any other crime of violence
- Recovering from the violence;
- Seeking or receiving medical help, legal assistance (including participation in legal proceedings), counseling, safety planning, or other assistance;
- Temporarily or permanently relocating;
- Taking other actions to increase the safety of the victim from future domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, or to ensure economic security.
- Attending the funeral or alternative to a funeral if death is caused by crime of violence;
- Making arrangements necessitated by a death caused by a crime of violence; or
- Grieving a death caused by a crime of violence.

**NOTICE AND CERTIFICATION** Employees must provide the employer with at least 48 hours advance notice of the intention to take leave, unless providing advance notice is not practicable. If an employee is unable to provide advance notice, an employee must provide notice when an employee is able to do so, within a reasonable period of time after the absence.

Certification may be provided to the employer by a sworn statement of the employee and other documentation, if the employee has possession, such as the following:

- Documentation from an employee, agent or volunteer of a victim services organization, an attorney, a member of the clergy, or medical or other professional assisting in addressing the violence;
- A police, court, or military record;
- A death certificate, published obituary, or written verification of death, burial, or memorial services, or
- Other corroborating evidence.

### AMOUNT OF LEAVE permitted during a 12-month period under the VESSA based on number of employees:

Number of employees	Leave permitted
1-14 employees	4 weeks
15-49 employees	8 weeks
50 or more employees	12 weeks*

Leave may be taken consecutively, intermittently, or on a reduced work schedule basis.

\*As of January 1, 2024, employees who have worked at least 1250 hours in the previous 12 months working for employers with 50 or more employees (employees eligible under the Family Bereavement Leave Act, 820 ILCS 154 et seq.) are entitled to 2 additional weeks unpaid leave for certain reasons relating to a family or household member's death due to a crime of violence to be completed within 60 days after the date the employee received notice of the death of the victim.

**ACCOMMODATIONS** VESSA provides that employees are entitled to reasonable accommodations to address the needs of the victim(s). Accommodations include, but are not limited to, an adjustment to the job structure, workplace facility, work requirements, or telephone number, seating assignment, or physical security of the work area. An employee has the right to access any digital documents or communications stored on an employer-issued device relating to domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence.

**DISCRIMINATION AND RETALIATION** VESSA prohibits employers from discriminating, retaliating, or otherwise treating an employee or job applicant unfavorably if the individual involved:

- Is or is perceived to be a victim of domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence;
- Attended, participated in, prepared for, or requested leave to attend, participate in, or prepare for a criminal or civil court or administrative proceeding relating to domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence;
- Requested or took VESSA leave for any reason;
- Requested an accommodation, regardless of whether the accommodation was granted;
- Used employer-issued equipment to record domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence committed against them or a family or household member.
- The workplace is disrupted or threatened by the action of a person whom the individual states has committed or threatened to commit domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, against the individual or the individual's family or household member; or
- Exercised any other rights under VESSA.

**COMPLAINTS** For information on filing a complaint please call: **312-793-2600** or visit [labor.illinois.gov/vessa](http://labor.illinois.gov/vessa)

**CONFIDENTIALITY** Employers must maintain the confidentiality of all information pertaining to the use of VESSA leave pursuant to 820 ILCS 180/30(d).

[labor.illinois.gov](http://labor.illinois.gov) • [DOL.LeaveRights@illinois.gov](mailto:DOL.LeaveRights@illinois.gov)

**Lincoln Tower Plaza**  
524 South 2nd Street, Suite 400  
Springfield, Illinois 62701  
(217) 782-6206  
Fax: (217) 782-0596

**Jesse White State of Illinois Building**  
115 S LaSalle St 37th Floor  
Chicago, IL 60603  
(312) 793-2800  
Fax: (312) 793-5257

**Regional Office Building**  
2309 West Main Street, Suite 115  
Marion, Illinois 62959  
(618) 993-7090  
Fax: (618) 993-7258



**Labor Law Compliance Center**  
(800) 801-0597  
[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)





# Victims of slavery and human trafficking are protected under United States and Illinois law

## ***If you or someone you know:***

- Is being forced to engage in any activity and cannot leave, whether it is:
  - Commercial sex industry (street prostitution, strip clubs, massage parlors, escort services, brothels, internet),
  - Private Homes (housework, nannies, servile marriages),
  - Farm work, landscaping, construction,
  - Factory (industrial, garment, meat-packing),
  - Peddling rings, begging rings, or door-to-door sales crews
  - Hotel, retail, bars, restaurant work or
  - Any other activity
- Had their passport or identification taken away or
- Is being threatened with deportation if they won't work

## **National Human Trafficking Hotline**

# 1-888-373-7888

**Or, Text "HELP" or "INFO" to 233733  
to access help and services.**

## ***The hotline is:***

- Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- Toll-free.
- Operated by nonprofit nongovernmental organizations.
- Anonymous and confidential.
- Accessible in more than 160 languages.
- Able to provide help, referral to services, training, and general information.

For more information: [www.humantraffickinghotline.org](http://www.humantraffickinghotline.org)



IL10E

# Las víctimas de esclavitud y trata de personas están protegidas bajo las leyes de Estados Unidos y de Illinois

## ***Si usted o alguien que usted conoce:***

- Es forzado a participar en cualquier actividad y no puede dejarla, ya sea de:
  - La industria del sexo comercial (prostitución callejera, clubes, salas de masaje, servicios de acompañante, burdeles, Internet)
  - Residencias privadas (trabajo doméstico, cuidado de niños, matrimonios serviles)
  - Trabajo en fincas, jardinería, construcción.
  - Fábricas (industrial, textil, empackado de carnes).
  - Grupos de venta ambulante, limosneros o grupos de ventas callejeras
  - Hoteles, tiendas, bares, trabajo en restaurantes o
  - Cualquier otra actividad.
- Le quitaron su pasaporte u otra forma de identificación.
- Le amenazan con deportación si rehúsa trabajar.

## **Línea Nacional Contra La Trata de Personas**

# 1-888-373-7888

**O manda un texto con la palabra "ayuda"  
o "info" al numero al 233733**

## ***La línea:***

- Está disponible las 24 horas del día, los 7 días de la semana.
- Es gratis
- Está operada por organizaciones no gubernamentales sin fines de lucro.
- Es anónima y confidencial.
- Está disponible en más de 160 idiomas diferentes.
- Puede brindar ayuda, recomendar otros servicios, proveer adiestramiento e información general.



# YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM JOB DISCRIMINATION AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT.



The Illinois Human Rights Act states that you have **the right to be free from unlawful discrimination and sexual harassment**. This means that employers may not treat people differently based on race, age, gender, pregnancy, disability, sexual orientation or any other protected class named in the Act. This applies to all employer actions, including hiring, promotion, discipline and discharge.



## REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS

You also have the right to reasonable accommodations based on pregnancy and disability. This means you can ask for reasonable changes to your job if needed because you are pregnant or disabled.



## RETALIATION

It is also unlawful for employers to treat people differently because they have reported discrimination, participated in an investigation, or helped others exercise their right to complain about discrimination.



## REPORT DISCRIMINATION

To report discrimination, you may:

1. Contact your employer's human resources or personnel department.
2. Contact the Illinois Department of Human Rights (IDHR) to file a charge.
3. Call the Illinois Sexual Harassment and Discrimination Helpline at 1-877-236-7703 to talk to someone about your concerns.

Chicago:

555 W Monroe Street, 7th Floor

Chicago, IL 60661

(312) 814-6200

(866) 740-3953 (TTY)

(312) 814-6251 (Fax)

Springfield:

524 S. 2nd St., Suite 300

Springfield, IL 62701

(217) 785-5100

(866) 740-3953 (TTY)

(217) 785-5106 (Fax)

Website: [dhr.illinois.gov](http://dhr.illinois.gov)

Email: [IDHR.Intake@illinois.gov](mailto:IDHR.Intake@illinois.gov)

Employers shall make this poster available and display it where employees can readily see it. This notice is available for download at: [www.illinois.gov/dhr](http://www.illinois.gov/dhr)

Printed by the Authority of the State of Illinois version IDHR 9/2022

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Labor Law Compliance Center  
(800) 801-0597

[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)



# ***YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE ILLINOIS SERVICE MEMBER EMPLOYMENT & REEMPLOYMENT RIGHTS ACT (330 ILCS 61)***



ISERRA (Illinois version of USERRA) protects the employment and benefits of service members who leave their civilian employment to serve our Nation or State.

In order to protect the common public interest in military service, it is the role of the Illinois Attorney General to promote awareness and ensure compliance with ISERRA by providing information, training, advocacy, and enforcement.

## **WHO IS PROTECTED?**

1. All members of the Armed Forces of the United States whether active duty or reserve, including the National Guard when performing State duty.
2. All members of Military Auxiliary Radio System, United States Coast Guard Reserve, Civil Air Patrol, and the Merchant Marines when performing official duties in support of an emergency.
3. Members who are released from military duty with follow-on care by the Department of Defense.

## **WHAT ARE THE RIGHTS, BENEFITS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER ISERRA?**

ISERRA provides the same protections as USERRA (i.e., reemployment, benefits and discrimination) but expands protections to persons identified above and incorporates existing benefits to service members who are public employees. Because ISERRA represents the minimum employer requirements, employers maintain the right to provide greater benefits at their discretion.

## **WHO ENFORCES ISERRA?**

The ISERRA Advocate is an Assistant Attorney General appointed by the Illinois Attorney General to provide both advocacy and enforcement under ISERRA.

## **WHERE TO FIND MORE INFORMATION?**

Both service members and employers can find more information on the Attorney General's ISERRA Advocate webpage at <https://illinoisattorneygeneral.gov/rights-of-the-people/military-and-veterans-rights/> or call the Military & Veterans Rights Helpline at **1-800-382-3000** to ask questions or request training.

This notice is available for download on the Attorney General's website by going to <https://illinoisattorneygeneral.gov/rights-of-the-people/military-and-veterans-rights/>. Employers are required to provide employees entitled to rights and benefits under ISERRA a notice of the rights, benefits, and obligations of service member employees. This requirement may be met by the posting of this notice where employers customarily place notices for employees. ISERRA is codified as Public Act 100-1101 and can be found at <https://www.ilga.gov/Legislation/publicacts/view/100-1101>.





# PAID LEAVE FOR ALL WORKERS ACT NOTICE

Employers must provide employees with up to 40 hours of paid leave for any reason.

## Paid Leave

- **Workers:** Earn up to five (5) days per year of paid leave from work.
- **Use:** Workers can use paid leave for any reason of their choosing. Employers cannot require workers to provide a reason for their time off request. Employers may not require, as a condition of taking leave, that the employee search for a replacement worker.
- **Accrual:** Workers earn 1 hour of paid leave for every 40 hours they work.
- **Carryover:** Workers rollover all unused paid leave at the end of the year.

- **Retaliation is prohibited:**

Penalties may apply to employers that take adverse action against workers who exercise their rights under this law.



## Penalties

Workers may recover the amount they should have been paid for the leave, penalties, and other equitable relief.

## Filing a Complaint

A worker may file a complaint with the Illinois Department of Labor alleging a violation of this Act by filling out a complaint form at [labor.illinois.gov/paidleave](http://labor.illinois.gov/paidleave).

## Existing Policy and Exclusions

Certain exceptions may apply for employers who already provide their workers with paid leave. There are also certain categories of workers that are not covered by the law.

See QR code for more information on how to file a complaint and applicable exceptions to the law.



For a complete text of the laws, visit our website at:

[www.labor.illinois.gov](http://www.labor.illinois.gov)

For more information or to file a Complaint, contact us at:

[DOL.PaidLeave@illinois.gov](mailto:DOL.PaidLeave@illinois.gov)

**THIS NOTICE MUST BE DISPLAYED IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE ON THE PREMISES OF THE EMPLOYER WHERE OTHER NOTICES ARE POSTED.**





State of Illinois

# COVID-19

## Workplace Health and Safety Guidance for Business Employees and Staff

September 29, 2020

### Practice Social Distancing

Pursuant to Executive Order, your employer must comply to the greatest extent feasible with **social distancing requirements**. This means that your employer should:

- Make sure you can maintain **at least 6-feet physical separation** between yourself and others around you, including your co-workers and customers.
- Mark with **signage or tape** 6-foot spacing for employees and customers to maintain appropriate distance from one another.
- **Provide face coverings** to employees, especially when it is not possible to maintain at least 6 feet of space between you and another person.
- Provide **handwashing stations** with soap, clean water, and single use paper towels and encourage frequent handwashing for 20 seconds or longer.
- **Provide hand sanitizer (with at least 60% alcohol) and sanitizing products** for employees and customers.
- **Regularly clean** high-touch surfaces, including doorknobs, light switches, shared equipment, toilet handles, sink faucets, and clock in/out areas.

### Do Not Work if You Are Sick

You should not report to work if you are experiencing symptoms of coronavirus disease (COVID-19), which include fever (100.4° F or higher) or chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or running nose, nausea or vomiting, and diarrhea. If you are experiencing any of these symptoms, stay home and call your doctor.

If you have been a close contact to a COVID-19 case, you must self-quarantine at home for 14 days from the date of last exposure to the case.

### Who You Can Contact if You Have Concerns About the Spread or Likely Spread of COVID-19 in Your Workplace

If you have concerns that your employer is not maintaining a safe and sanitary work environment necessary to minimize the risk of spread of COVID-19, contact the **Workplace Rights Bureau of the Office of the Illinois Attorney General** at (844) 740-5076 or [workplacerrights@atg.state.il.us](mailto:workplacerrights@atg.state.il.us).

If you believe that two or more employees at your workplace have COVID-19, notify **your local health department (LHD)**. A list of LHDs can be found at <http://www.dph.illinois.gov/LHD>.

Pursuant to Section 25(b) of the Whistleblower Protection Act, 740 ILCS 174, businesses are prohibited from retaliating against an employee for disclosing information when the employee has reasonable cause to believe the information discloses a violation of a state or federal law, rule, or regulation.

For more information about COVID-19, including ways to protect yourself and others, visit the Illinois Department of Public Health's COVID-19 website at <https://www.dph.illinois.gov/covid19>.



Office of the Illinois  
Attorney General

**Questions about COVID-19?**  
Call 1-800-889-3931 or email [dph.sick@illinois.gov](mailto:dph.sick@illinois.gov)  
Illinois Department of Public Health - [www.dph.illinois.gov](http://www.dph.illinois.gov)

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**Labor Law Compliance Center**  
(800) 801-0597  
[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)





# RIGHT TO PRIVACY IN THE WORKPLACE & E-VERIFY

## 1. What is the E-Verify System?

According to the [U.S. Department of Justice](#), E-Verify is “an electronic system that compares a worker’s Form I-9 information with government databases to verify employment eligibility.”

## 2. Does Illinois law require employers to use E-Verify to check the employment eligibility of a worker?

No. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require an employer to enroll in any Electronic Employment Verification System, including the E-Verify program and the Basic Pilot program, as authorized by 8 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes, Pilot Programs for Employment Eligibility Confirmation (enacted by P.L. 104-208, div. C, title IV, subtitle A) beyond those obligations that have been imposed upon them by federal law. (Sec. 12 (a) of the Act)

## 3. May a unit of local government require any employer to use E-Verify?

No. Neither the State nor any of its political subdivisions, nor any unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may require any employer to use an Employment Eligibility Verification System. (Sec. 12 (a-1) (d) of the Act)

## 4. May Illinois employers choose to voluntarily use E-Verify?

Yes. Illinois law does not prohibit any employer from using E-Verify. However, employers who use E-Verify must follow the requirements of the Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act.

## 5. What should an employer know?

In Illinois, provisions under the Right to Privacy Act state that, as of January 1, 2025 ([PA 103-879](#)), prior to enrolling in the E-Verify System, employers are urged to consult the Illinois Department of Labor’s website for current information regarding the accuracy of the program.

Additionally, employers are encouraged to review and understand their legal responsibilities relating to the use of E-Verify. Furthermore, the Act prohibits the misuse of E-Verify and places certain training and recordkeeping requirements on employers.

Employers that participate in [E-Verify](#) must post the [E-Verify Participation poster](#) provided by the federal government in the workplace, and [this poster](#) produced by the United States Department of Justice. The posters must be displayed in English, Spanish and Polish.

## 6. What should an employee know?

In Illinois, an employer is prohibited from using E-Verify to check the immigration status of current employees or to pre-screen prospective employees that have not been offered a position with the company. The employer may not check on your immigration status before you are offered a job. An employer may not take adverse action against an employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant for employment filed a complaint of a violation of the Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act.

## 7. What happens if an employer says that there is a discrepancy in an employee’s employment verification information?

The Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act requires that employers follow certain steps if they believe that an employee’s employment verification information is inaccurate, which includes providing the employee with specific information about the claimed discrepancy and allowing the employee to correct the discrepancy (if required by law). An employee has the right to representation during any meetings or discussions regarding employment verification information.

## 8. How can a worker file a complaint of an alleged violation of the Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act?

If an employee or applicant for employment alleges that he or she has been denied his or her rights under this Act, he or she may file a complaint with the Department of Labor here: [Right To Privacy In The Workplace Complaint Form \(illinois.gov\)](#)

## 9. Who should I contact for questions?

Contact the Illinois Department of Labor Conciliation and Mediation Division regarding the Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act: Phone: 312-793-7307  
Email: [DOL.RTPW@Illinois.gov](mailto:DOL.RTPW@Illinois.gov)

**labor.illinois.gov**

### Lincoln Tower Plaza

524 South 2nd Street, Suite 400  
Springfield, Illinois 62701  
(217) 782-6206  
Fax: (217) 782-0596

### Michael A Bilandic Building

160 North LaSalle, Suite C-1300  
Chicago, Illinois 60601-3150  
(312) 793-2800  
Fax: (312) 793-5257

**IL15E**

### Regional Office Building

2309 West Main Street, Suite 115  
Marion, Illinois 62959  
(618) 993-7090  
Fax: (618) 993-7258



**Labor Law Compliance Center**

(800) 801-0597

[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)



# - Summary of Public Act 103-0722 - Worker Freedom of Speech Act

The Worker Freedom of Speech Act protects employees in Illinois from being compelled to attend employer-sponsored meetings or communications intended to convey the employer's positions on political or religious matters. Key provisions include:

## Definitions

- **Political matters:** Issues related to elections, legislation, policies, or political organizations.
- **Religious Matters:** Beliefs, practices, or affiliations with religious organizations.
- **Voluntary Participation:** Actions that are neither incentive nor coerced by changes in employment conditions.
- **Right of Action:** Employees can file civil lawsuits within one year of violations, seeking remedies such as reinstatement, back pay, benefits, and legal fees.
- **Enforcement by the Department of Labor:** The Department investigates violations and may impose a \$1,000 fine per violation. Employees and interested parties may bring civil actions under specified procedures.
- **Notice Requirement:** Employers must post notices of employee rights under the Act within 30 days of its effective date.

## Exceptions

The Worker Freedom of Speech Act does not prohibit the following:

- Legally required employer communications.
- Voluntary attendance at meetings or communications.
- Training to foster workplace civility or prevent discrimination.
- Specific activities by political, legislative, academic, or religious organizations related to their core functions.

## Employee Protections

Employers cannot penalize, retaliate against, or force employees to participate in such meetings or communications. Employees are also protected for reporting violations of the Act.

Illinois Captive Audience Notice - Revised 01/25

IL16E



Labor Law Compliance Center  
(800) 801-0597

[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)





# Pay Transparency Updates to the Illinois Equal Pay Act of 2003

## Employers with Pay Transparency Requirements

Any employer with 15 or more employees who, after January 1, 2025, publishes a job posting for a specific employment opportunity is required to include pay and benefits information in the job posting **IF** the work is to be performed:

- Physically in Illinois, at least in part **OR**
- Outside Illinois, but reporting to an Illinois supervisor, office, or work site.

## Opportunity for Promotion

When an employer with 15 or more employees chooses to publish a specific job posting externally, such as on a job board or website, then the employer must also inform all current employees of the job opportunity.

- Please note that this requirement only applies for jobs to be performed at least in part in Illinois, or outside Illinois but reporting to an Illinois supervisor, office, or work site.

## Required Information

Wage or salary (or a defined pay range) and general description of benefits for the position advertised.

- Employers may include a hyperlink to a publicly viewable web page that includes pay and benefits, so long as it gives pay and benefits for the specific position.

## Complaints

A person may file a complaint about pay transparency or promotional opportunity in job postings within one year of the violation.

To file a complaint, visit **[labor.illinois.gov/pay](https://labor.illinois.gov/pay)**

## Retaliation

An employer or an employment agency shall not refuse to interview, hire, promote, or employ, and shall not otherwise retaliate against, an applicant for employment or an employee for exercising any rights under subsection.

## Penalties

An employer may have to pay penalties if, after investigation, the Department finds that they have violated these requirements.



**Phone:** (312) 793-6797

**Email:** [DOL.EqualPay@illinois.gov](mailto:DOL.EqualPay@illinois.gov)

**Website:** [Labor.Illinois.gov/pay](https://labor.illinois.gov/pay)

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# ★ Illinois Veterans Benefits and Services



The resources listed are available at no cost to assist Illinois veterans in gaining their earned benefits and services and understanding their rights, protections, and accommodations.

## Mental Health and Substance Abuse Resources

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Veterans Crisis Line  
Call: 988, press 1 • Text: 838255

## Veteran Suicide and Crisis Lifeline

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Veterans Crisis Line  
Call: 988, press 1 • Text: 838255

## Crisis Text line

Text: 741741 • Chat: [crisistextline.org](https://crisistextline.org)

## State Resources



### Illinois Department of Veterans Affairs

<https://veterans.illinois.gov/>



### Illinois Office of the Attorney General

Military and Veterans Rights Bureau



### Illinois Secretary of State

Veteran Driver's License or non-driver Veteran Identification Card and military specialized license plates

## United States Department of Veterans Affairs federal claims support



### U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs



### Illinois Department of Veterans Affairs



### County Veterans Assistance Commission



### Veterans Service Organizations in Illinois

## Military and Veterans Rights Helpline



The Military and Veterans Rights Bureau offers a helpline, 1-800-382-3000, to assist service members, veterans, and dependents on a

wide-variety of issues related to military service while providing useful information designed to assist in the receipt of veterans' benefits.

## Illinois State Benefits Support



### Illinois Department of Veterans Affairs



### Property Tax Benefits: Standard Homestead Exemption for Veterans with Disabilities

## Legal Services



### Illinois Armed Forces Legal Aid Network (855-452-3526)



### Veteran Treatment Court

## Educational Benefits



### Illinois Department of Veterans Affairs

## Women Veterans



### Illinois Department of Veterans Affairs



### United States Department of Veterans Affairs Center for Women Veterans

## Homeless Veterans

National Call Center for Homeless Veterans  
at (877) 4AID-VET (877-424-3838)



### United States Department of Veterans Affairs Homeless Program



### Illinois Department of Veterans Affairs Prince Home

## Protections for Survivors of Sexual Violence in the Military

To learn more about established protections, refer to: PA 102-0890 ([ilga.gov](https://www.ilga.gov))

For Service Members, Veterans, and Families (SMVF) in Crisis



ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF  
VETERANS AFFAIRS

IL18E



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(800) 801-0597

[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)





State of Illinois  
Illinois Department of Public Health

# NO SMOKING or E-CIGARETTE USE



## Indoors or Within 15 Feet of Entrance

To submit a complaint:



[www.smoke-free.illinois.gov](http://www.smoke-free.illinois.gov)

**866-973-4646**

TTY 800-547-0466 (hearing impaired use only)



Smoke-Free Illinois Act (410 ILCS 82),  
amended by Public Act 103-0272.



Labor Law Compliance Center  
(800) 801-0597

[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)

IL19E



# Nursing Mothers in the Workplace Act

(820 ILCS 260/10) Sec. 10. Break time for nursing mothers. An employer shall provide reasonable break time to an employee who needs to express breast milk for her nursing infant child each time the employee has the need to express milk for one year after the child's birth. The break time may run concurrently with any break time already provided to the employee. An employer shall compensate the employee during the break time at the employee's regular rate of compensation. An employer shall not require the employee to use paid leave during the break time or reduce the employee's compensation during the break time in any other manner. An employer shall provide paid reasonable break time as needed by the employee unless to do so would create an undue hardship as defined by item (J) of Section 2-102 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.

- In Effect January 1st, 2026 -



# CHICAGO OFFICE OF LABOR STANDARDS



## MINIMUM WAGE

### SETS MINIMUM WAGE IN CHICAGO (MCC 6-105)

July 1, 2025, Effective Date	Standard Employer 4 or more employees	Youth Workers	Tipped Workers	
			Standard Employer	Youth
Min Wage	\$16.60	\$16.50	\$12.62	\$12.54
Overtime Min Wage	\$24.90	\$24.75	\$20.92	\$20.79

**All Domestic Workers must receive at least the \$16.60 minimum wage.**

If the tipped wage plus tips does not equal the minimum wage, the Employer must make up the difference.



## WAGE THEFT

### FORBIDS THE THEFT OF WAGES AND BENEFITS (MCC 6-100)

Wage Theft	Violations and Fines
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Wage Theft means the non-payment of wages, including paid time off or other paid benefits</li><li>Employers must pay Workers on time</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Workers can recoup unpaid wages plus damages</li><li>Violators may be subject to fines or civil actions</li></ul>



## HUMAN TRAFFICKING

### WORKERS ARE PROTECTED UNDER CHICAGO AND ILLINOIS LAW

If you or someone you know is being forced to engage in any activity or forced to work, cannot leave, is having their wages taken, has had their passport or ID taken away, or is being threatened with deportation if they don't work,

**Call the National Human Trafficking Hotline 1-888-373-7888 or Text "HELP" to 233733 to access free help and services.**

Available at all times in 160 languages and operated by a nongovernmental organization.



## FILE A COMPLAINT

Call 311, use the CHI 311 app, or file a Complaint Form at [Chicago.gov/LaborStandards](https://chicago.gov/LaborStandards).



## ADDITIONAL RESOURCES AND CONTACT INFORMATION

### Chicago.gov/LaborStandards

Additional guidance and resources are available at the above listed website. You can find FAQ (frequently asked question) forms, and applicable Promulgated Rules and Regulations for all Chicago Labor Laws.

Address of OLS	E-mail and Phone Number of OLS	Webinar Recordings
Office of Labor Standards 2350 West Ogden Avenue, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor Chicago, Illinois 60608	You can reach the OLS at: <a href="mailto:bacplaborstandards@cityofchicago.org">bacplaborstandards@cityofchicago.org</a> Or 312-744-2211	OLS routinely hosts educational webinars on Chicago's Labor Laws, recordings of those webinars can be accessed at: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/chicagobacp">https://www.youtube.com/chicagobacp</a>



This Notice must be displayed in a conspicuous place at the place of employment and provided with each Covered Employee's first paycheck. Retaliation is prohibited. Notice effective on July 1, 2025. Last updated May 31, 2025.  
Scan QR Code to find info for each Labor Law:



IL21E



Labor Law Compliance Center  
(800) 801-0597  
[www.laborlawcc.com](http://www.laborlawcc.com)

# CHICAGO OFFICE OF LABOR STANDARDS



## PAID LEAVE

### REQUIRES PAID LEAVE TO BE USED FOR ANY REASON (MCC 6-130)

Employers must provide Employees who work at least 80 hours within any 120-day period the ability to use Paid Leave (PL) for any reason for an Employee's choosing

Earning Leave	Using Leave	Carrying Over
PL accrues at a rate of 1 hour of PL for every 35 hours worked (up to 40 hours in a 12- month period)	Employees must be allowed to use accrued PL no later than on the 90 <sup>th</sup> day following the commencement of employment	Up to 16 PL hours can be carried over between 12-month periods (if PL is not frontloaded)



## PAID SICK AND SAFE LEAVE

### REQUIRES PAID LEAVE FOR MEDICAL OR SAFETY REASONS (MCC 6-130)

Employers must provide Employees who work at least 80 hours within any 120-day period the ability to use Paid Sick Leave (PSL) for medical and safety reasons for both the Employees and their family members

Earning Leave	Using Leave	Carrying Over
PSL accrues at a rate of 1 hour of PSL for every 35 hours worked (up to 40 hours in a 12- month period)	Employees must be allowed to use accrued PSL no later than on the 30 <sup>th</sup> day following the commencement of employment	Up to 80 PSL hours can be carried over between 12-month period



## EMPLOYER POLICIES

### EMPLOYERS MUST PROVIDE PAID TIME OFF POLICIES (MCC 6-130)

Policies	Payout of PL upon employment termination
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Establishment of Paid Time Off Policies, Employer must share Paid Time Off policies with Employees; Paid Leave can be reasonably denied; minimum usage increments cannot exceed 4 hours for PL and 2 hours for PSL</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Small Employers (1-50 employees) are exempt</li><li>Medium Employers (51-100 employees) and Large Employers (101+ employees) must pay out up to 56 hours</li></ul>



## FILE A COMPLAINT

Call 311, use the CHI 311 app, or file a Complaint Form at [Chicago.gov/LaborStandards](https://www.chicago.gov/LaborStandards).



## ADDITIONAL RESOURCES AND CONTACT INFORMATION

[Chicago.gov/LaborStandards](https://www.chicago.gov/LaborStandards)

Additional guidance and resources are available at the above listed website. You can find FAQ (frequently asked question) forms, and applicable Promulgated Rules and Regulations for all Chicago Labor Laws.

Address of OLS	E-mail and Phone Number of OLS	Webinar Recordings
Office of Labor Standards 2350 West Ogden Avenue, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor Chicago, Illinois 60608	You can reach the OLS at: <a href="mailto:bacplaborstandards@cityofchicago.org">bacplaborstandards@cityofchicago.org</a> Or 312-744-2211	OLS routinely hosts educational webinars on Chicago's Labor Laws, recordings of those webinars can be accessed at <a href="https://www.YouTube.com/ChicagoBACP">YouTube.com/ChicagoBACP</a>



This Notice must be displayed in a conspicuous place at the place of employment and provided with each Covered Employee's first paycheck. Retaliation is prohibited. Notice effective on July 1, 2025. Last updated May 31, 2025.

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Labor Law Compliance Center  
(800) 801-0597  
[www.laborlawcc.com](https://www.laborlawcc.com)







# CHICAGO OFFICE OF LABOR STANDARDS

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## FAIR WORKWEEK NOTICE

**REQUIRES PREDICTABLE SCHEDULES AND PAYMENT FOR SCHEDULE CHANGES  
(MCC 6-110)**

**Employers must provide Workers a written estimate of days and hours of work** prior to or upon employment

**Employers must post Work Schedules** with at least 14 days' notice

When Employers make changes to the Work Schedule <b>less than 14 days before the Work Schedule starts</b>	
Subtracts hours	Workers must receive one hour of additional pay for every impacted shift
Adds hours	
Changes shifts with no loss of hours	

When Employers make changes to a shift <b>less than 24 hours before the shift starts</b>	
Subtracts hours	Workers must receive 50% of their pay for the lost hours
Adds hours	Workers must receive one hour of additional pay for every impacted shift
Changes shifts with no loss of hours	

**Workers may decline hours** that occur less than 10 hours after the end of the previous day's shift

**Workers must be paid 1.25 times regular pay** for any shift that begins less than 10 hours after the end of the previous day's shift

## WHO IS COVERED BY THE FAIR WORKWEEK ORDINANCE?

**Employees** who work a majority of time in Chicago, in a covered industry and earn \$62,561.90 per year (salary) or \$32.60 per hour (hourly) or less. This includes temp workers on assignment for 420 hours within an 18-month period.

**Employers** primarily engaged in a covered industry (building services, healthcare, hotel, manufacturing, restaurant, retail, or warehouse services) that employ 100 or more employees (250 for not for profits), at least 50 of whom are covered by the Ordinance. Franchisees with more than 3 locations might be Employers.



## FILE A COMPLAINT

**Call 311, use the CHI 311 app, or file a Complaint Form at**  
[Chicago.gov/LaborStandards](https://www.chicago.gov/LaborStandards)

This Notice must be displayed in a conspicuous place at the place of employment and provided with each covered employee's first paycheck. Retaliation is prohibited. Notice effective on July 1, 2025. Last updated May 31, 2025.



Office of Labor Standards  
2350 West Ogden Avenue, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
Chicago, Illinois 60608  
[Chicago.gov/LaborStandards](https://www.chicago.gov/LaborStandards)

Contact:  
[bacplaborstandards@cityofchicago.org](mailto:bacplaborstandards@cityofchicago.org)  
(312) 744 - 2211

Scan QR Code to find info for each Labor Law:



**IL23E**



**Labor Law Compliance Center**  
(800) 801-0597  
[www.laborlawcc.com](https://www.laborlawcc.com)

# EMPLOYEES HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM SEXUAL HARASSMENT IN THE WORKPLACE

The City of Chicago has a strict zero tolerance policy against all forms of sexual harassment. Sexual harassment is defined as any unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors or conduct of a sexual nature when (1) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; or (2) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for any employment decision; or (3) such conduct substantially interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment; or (4) behavior of a sexual nature which involves coercion, abuse of authority, or misuse of an individual's employment position.

## RETALIATION

It is also unlawful for employers to retaliate against an employee because the employee complained about sexual harassment, filed a complaint regarding sexual harassment or participated in an investigation into a sexual harassment complaint.

## REPORT SEXUAL HARASSMENT

To report sexual harassment:

- Notify your immediate supervisor, or if the harasser is your supervisor, another manager.
- Contact your employer's human resources or personnel department.
- Contact the Chicago Commission on Human Relations to file a complaint.

### **Chicago Commission on Human Relations**

740 N. Sedgwick, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor

Chicago, IL 60654

(312) 744-4111

(312) 744-1081 (fax)

(312) 744-1088 (TTY)

[www.Chicago.gov/CCHR](http://www.Chicago.gov/CCHR)

[cchr@cityofchicago.org](mailto:cchr@cityofchicago.org)





## Cook County Commission on Human Rights

### Cook County Minimum Wage Ordinance NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

**You are covered by the Cook County Minimum Wage Ordinance (MWO) if:**

1. You have worked for an employer in Cook County for at least 2 hours in any 2-week period, **and**
  2. Your employer has 4 or more employees (or you are a domestic worker), **and**
  3. Your employer (i) maintains a business facility in Cook County **or** (ii) is issued a business license by Cook County.
- ❖ Teenagers (under the age of 18) are not entitled to the County's minimum wage. Instead, they must be paid the State's minimum wage for workers under 18.

**If you believe your employer has underpaid you or violated the Ordinance in another way, you can file a complaint with the Cook County Commission on Human Rights:**

- You can file a complaint for violations of the Minimum Wage Ordinance using [this online complaint form](#). Translated complaint forms are available in the Downloads section of the [File a Complaint for Unlawful Discrimination or Harassment](#) webpage.
- If you have questions, contact us! The Commission can be reached Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. by phone or email and by appointment.
- More information is available at [cookcountyil.gov/MWO](http://cookcountyil.gov/MWO) or by scanning the QR Code below.

	
<b>Minimum wage for tipped workers: \$9.00</b>	<b>Minimum wage for non-tipped workers: \$15.00</b>
	

Effective Date 7/1/2025

Visit [www.cookcountyil.gov/MWO](http://www.cookcountyil.gov/MWO) for more information.

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# Cook County Commission on Human Rights

## Cook County Paid Leave Ordinance NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

### **You are covered by the Cook County Paid Leave Ordinance (PLO) if:**

1. You work for an employer in Cook County; and/or
2. Your employer has a place of business in Cook County.

### **You are entitled to:**

- Earn at least one (1) hour of paid leave for every 40 hours worked;
- Use paid leave for any reason; and
- Be paid for leave at your usual rate of pay.

**If you believe your employer has not issued the paid leave you are entitled to, or, has violated the Ordinance in another way, you can file a complaint with the Cook County Commission on Human Rights:**

- You may begin the complaint process by contacting a Human Rights Investigator for an intake interview.
- Investigators can be reached Monday through Friday, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m., by telephone or email.
- More information and forms for filing a Paid Leave complaint are available at [www.cookcountyil.gov/PaidLeave](http://www.cookcountyil.gov/PaidLeave)



Effective Date 12/31/2023

Visit [www.cookcountyil.gov/PaidLeave](http://www.cookcountyil.gov/PaidLeave) for more information.

