Extremal Graph Theory - Problem Set 1

- 1. Show that if a graph G with n vertices has minimum degree $d \ge 3$, then it has at least $nd^3/12$ paths of length 3.
- 2. Show that any C_6 -free graph G has a subgraph which is also C_4 -free with at least $\frac{1}{2}e(G)$ edges.
- 3. Show that $\exp(n, C_6) \leq C n^{4/3}$ for some constant C (by a result of Erdős and Simonovits, you may assume that any extremal graph G has the property that $\Delta(G) \leq K\delta(G)$ for some positive constant K).
- 4. Show that $ex(n, Q_3) \le Cn^{8/5}$ for some constant C, where Q_3 is the skeleton of the 3-dimensional cube.